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Comprehensive Annual Financial Report



Year Ended June 30,

20009



central coast water authority



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INTRODUCTORY SECTION





October 22, 2009

L. J. Lavagnino Chairman

Fred Lemere Vice Chairman

William J. Brennan Executive Director

Brownstein Hyatt Farber Schreck General Counsel

Member Agencies

City of Buellton

Carpinteria Valley Water District

City of Guadalupe

City of Santa Barbara

City of Santa Maria

Goleta Water District

Montecito Water District

Santa Ynez River Water Conservation District, Improvement District

Associate Member

La Cumbre Mutual Water Company Members of the Board Central Coast Water Authority

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Central Coast Water Authority for the fiscal year (FY) ended June 30, 2009 is submitted as prepared by the Authority's Finance Department. The report is published to provide to our customers, the Authority Board, and the investment community detailed information about the financial condition and operating results of the Authority as measured by the financial activity of the Authority.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the financial report and the completeness and fairness of the presentation rests with the Authority. To the best of our knowledge, the information presented is accurate in all material aspects and includes all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the Authority's financial activities.

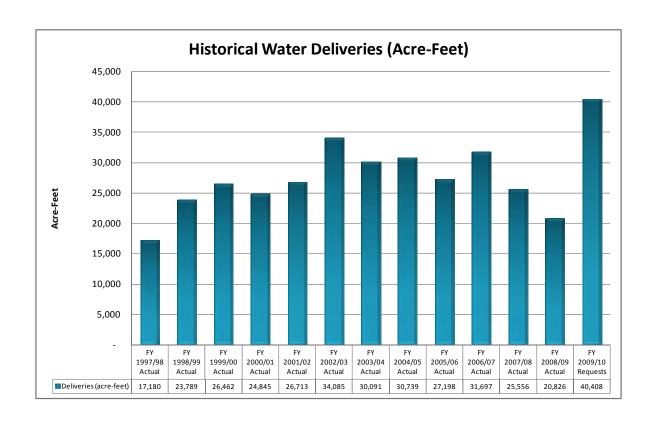
Our discussion and analysis of the Central Coast Water Authority's financial performance provides an overview of the Authority's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. Please read it in conjunction with the Authority's financial statements, which begin on page 1.

Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – for State and Local Governments (GASB 34 requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of a Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) and the financial statements should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A can be found immediately following the Independent Auditors' Report.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOMPLISHMENTS

Water Deliveries

Total deliveries during FY 2008/09 by CCWA to the Santa Barbara and San Luis Obispo County project participants were 20,826 acre-feet compared to the actual FY 2007/08 deliveries of 25,556 acre-feet (a decrease of 4,730 acre-feet). The graph on the following page shows water deliveries since CCWA commenced operations in August 1997.

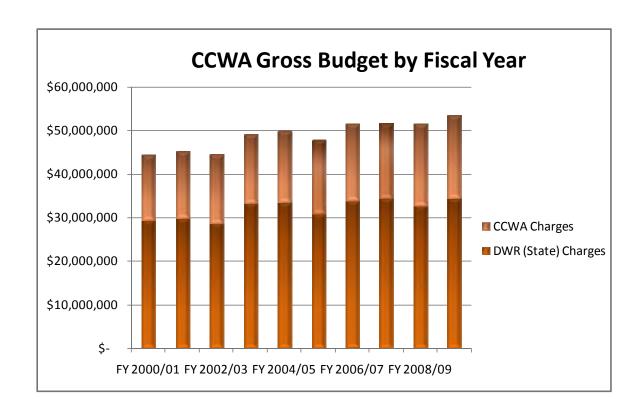


CCWA Credits

Actual CCWA operating expenses for FY 2008/09 are anticipated to be approximately \$1 million less than the budgeted amounts. These unexpended operating assessments will be returned to the CCWA project participants as a credit in FY 2009/10. Additionally, CCWA earned approximately \$1 million in interest income which serves to offset the payments from the project participants. Total estimated credits for FY 2008/09 is approximately \$2 million.

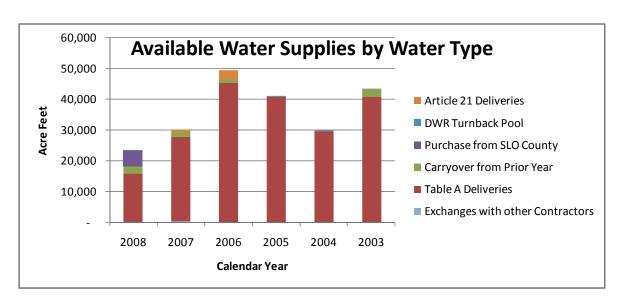
CCWA Budget History

The following graph shows the CCWA gross budget (total budget excluding CCWA credits and prepayments) broken down between CCWA costs and DWR costs from FY 2000/01 to FY 2009/10.

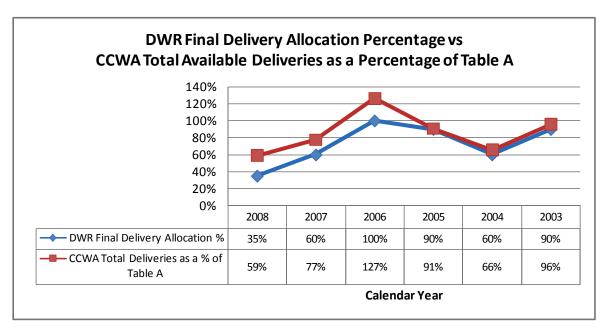


Maximization of Water Deliveries through Alternative Water Sources

CCWA continues to explore and utilize all available water sources to increase the available water deliveries to the project participants beyond just the regular allocation of Table A water from DWR. These alternative sources include purchases from San Luis Obispo County, DWR's turnback pools, Article 21 deliveries and carryover storage and subsequent use in San Luis reservoir. The following graph shows the various sources of water available for delivery to our project participants for the past six calendar years (Note: The available water shown in the graph does not indicate actual deliveries, but water that was available for delivery).



As a result of utilizing these other "types" of water to increase the overall available deliveries from the State Water Project, CCWA has been able to exceed the DWR delivery allocation percentages in each of the last six years as shown in the following graph.



Awards and Competitions

Over the past year, CCWA received the GFOA "Distinguished Budget Presentation" award for the FY 2008/09 Budget and the GFOA "Excellence in Financial Reporting" award for the FY 2007/08 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Additionally, CCWA continued its Employee Recognition Program with great success. Last fiscal year, numerous awards were given to CCWA staff for exceptional performance and innovative thinking.

Fiscal Year 2009/10 and Beyond

Water Delivery Projections

For calendar years 2009 and 2010, Santa Barbara and San Luis Obispo County project participants have requested State water deliveries of 37,287 and 42,879 acre-feet, respectively.

California Drought

In June 2008, Governor Arnold Schwarzenegger declared a California statewide drought in response to two straight years of historically low rainfall and very low snowfall runoff. As a result of the low precipitation in California and various judicially mandated pumping restrictions, DWR's delivery allocation percentage for 2008 was 35% and the current 2009 delivery allocation percentage is 40%. As such, CCWA continues to explore options for meeting the demand of its project participants through various programs including the San Luis Obispo County dry year water purchase program, DWR and State Water Project Contractors Authority drought water bank programs, reacquisition of the 12,214 AF of suspended Table A amount and transfers between project participants.

Department of Water Resources Activities and Related Costs

During FY 2009/10, CCWA staff will continue to work through the State Water Contractor (SWC) board and committees that interact with the Department of Water Resources (DWR) which impact CCWA and the California water agencies as a whole. There are many significant issues on which DWR and the SWC are working which have water supply, operational, and fiscal impacts on CCWA. Some of these activities could potentially have a significant fiscal impact to CCWA in the current and future years. Therefore, staff will place a high priority on working through the various available venues to minimize the fiscal impacts to CCWA and ensure that we continue to meet our goal of providing reliable, high quality supplemental water.

In response to the unprecedented State budget deficits in 2009, the Governor has mandated certain actions which further limit DWR's ability to efficiently operate the State Water Project. This includes a mandatory three-day per month employee furlough program which suppresses the amount of time DWR staff have available to operate and maintain the Project, both operationally and administratively. This has the very real impact of impairing CCWA's ability to obtain accurate cost information regarding the Statement of Charges from DWR, as well as operational constraints in DWR's operation of the Coastal stub facilities.

CCWA staff will continue to work with DWR and the State Water Contractors organization to mitigate to the maximum extent possible the negative ramifications resulting from these constraints.

DWR Costs and Financial Issues

In FY 2009/10, CCWA staff will continue the efforts to fully audit the Statement of Charges from DWR to ensure the costs allocated to CCWA are correct and appropriate based on the

State Water Project Contract. The following is a partial list of the errors found in the Statement of Charges for calendar year 2009:

- ➤ \$8 million error on the Transportation Capital cost component in which DWR was showing lower payments by CCWA than what was actually paid. This will increase the annual credit to CCWA on the Transportation Capital cost component from about \$150,000 per year to about \$650,000 per year through the year 2035.
- ➤ \$141,000 error on the Coastal Branch Extension payments. Again, DWR showed lower payments than what was actually paid.
- ➤ \$301,000 error on the Transportation Variable OMP&R with DWR again showing actual payments lower than what was actually paid.
- ➤ In addition to the errors listed above, CCWA staff was successful in obtaining a revision to the calculation methodology for the Delta Water Charge which will possibly increase the revenues DWR has available to pay rate management credits to CCWA by \$1 to \$2 million per year.
- ➤ CCWA is also challenging DWR's allocation of revenue bond debt service payments to CCWA for the Coastal Branch Extension. Total construction and finance related costs were around \$35 million for the project, but DWR is allocating approximately \$46 million in revenue bond principal payments to CCWA. CCWA will continue to explore this issue with DWR and obtain resolution during the first part of FY 2009/10.
- ➤ One of the most significant DWR billing issues in FY 2009/10 will be to obtain cost information on the Transportation Minimum OMP&R cost component. The calendar year 2010 amounts calculated by DWR to be paid by CCWA is approximately \$10.2 million, or \$5.2 million higher than the anticipated amount used to prepare the FY 2009/10 CCWA budget. Therefore, significant resources will be devoted to researching the reasons for this increase during the year.

CCWA Operating Expense Budget Reductions for FY 2009/10

In response to the financial hardships being faced by many CCWA project participants, the CCWA Board of Directors requested that CCWA staff review its Operating Expense Budget to identify expenses and projects which could be postponed or eliminated to provide a cost reduction for FY 2009/10. As a result, CCWA staff identified approximately \$400,000 in operating expense reductions for FY 2009/10. This included:

- ➤ Postponement of the replacement of the granular activated carbon at the Polonio Pass Water Treatment Plant for a savings of \$300,000
- > Postponement of road oiling and facility painting projects for a savings of \$57,000
- ➤ Postponing replacement of one vehicle and a reduction in the computer network server replacement project for a savings of \$46,000

Other savings associated with the DWR charges:

➤ CCWA and Kern County Water Agency staff convinced DWR Engineering staff to reevaluate a pump replacement project on the Coastal Branch Extension. Originally

estimated as an \$8.4 million project, staff were persuaded to evaluate alternatives and achieved an alternative project estimated to cost \$1 million over two fiscal years.

SANTA BARBARA COUNTY ECONOMIC OUTLOOK (2008 data)

Employment

- The County's unemployment rate turned upward from 4.4% to 5.4% through April 2009
- Job growth was basically nonexistent in Santa Barbara County in 2008

<u>Income</u>

• The average annual salary increased slightly by 0.5% to \$42,201

Retail Sales

• Retail sales decreased 5.1% to \$5.6 billion for the 2008 calendar year.

Real Estate

- The county-wide median home price decreased 52.1% to \$338 thousand, compared to a state-wide home price of \$360 thousand.
- Non-residential valuations decreased 8.3% to \$191.5 million.

Tourism

• The South Coast's 2008 hotel and motel occupancy rate was estimated at 72%.

OTHER INFORMATION

Accounting System

In developing and maintaining the Authority's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable but not absolute assurance regarding:

- (a) the safeguarding of assets against losses from unauthorized use or disposition, and
- (b) the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets.

The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control procedure should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and that the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. We believe that the Authority's controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

The Authority requires that its financial statements be audited by a Certified Public Accountant selected by the Authority's Board of Directors. This requirement has been satisfied, and the auditors' report is included in the financial section of this report.

Cash Management

Cash was invested in demand deposits, mutual funds, the State of California's Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) and money market accounts during FY 2008/09. At June 30, 2009, the Authority's investment portfolio had a weighted average maturity of 0 days and a yield to maturity of 1.13%.

Risk Management

The Authority participates in the liability, property, workers' compensation and fidelity bond insurance program organized by the Association of California Water Agencies, Joint Powers Insurance Authority (ACWA - JPIA). ACWA - JPIA is a joint powers insurance authority created to provide a self-insurance program to water agencies in the State of California.

The Authority maintains a self insured plan for dental and vision coverage offered to employees. Under the provisions of the plan, each full-time employee is provided approximately \$2,933 per calendar year to pay dental and vision expenses for the employee and their qualified dependents. For the plan year ended June 30, 2009, the maximum liability under the plan was \$78,641 and claims paid were \$43,828.

We are pleased to present this report to the Board for formal adoption.

Respectfully submitted,

William J. Brennan

Executive Director

Ray A. Stokes **Deputy Director**

Kay A Stokes

Introductory Section



June 30, 2009

CENTRAL COAST WATER AUTHORITY BOARD OF DIRECTORS

L. J. Lavagnino, Chairman City of Santa Maria

Fred Lemere, Vice Chairman Carpinteria Valley Water District

Ed Andrisek City of Buellton
Iya Falcone City of Santa Barbara

Harlan Burchardi Santa Ynez River Water Conservation District, Improvement

District No. 1

Richard Shaikewitz

Bert Bertrando

John Sabedra

Montecito Water District

Goleta Water District

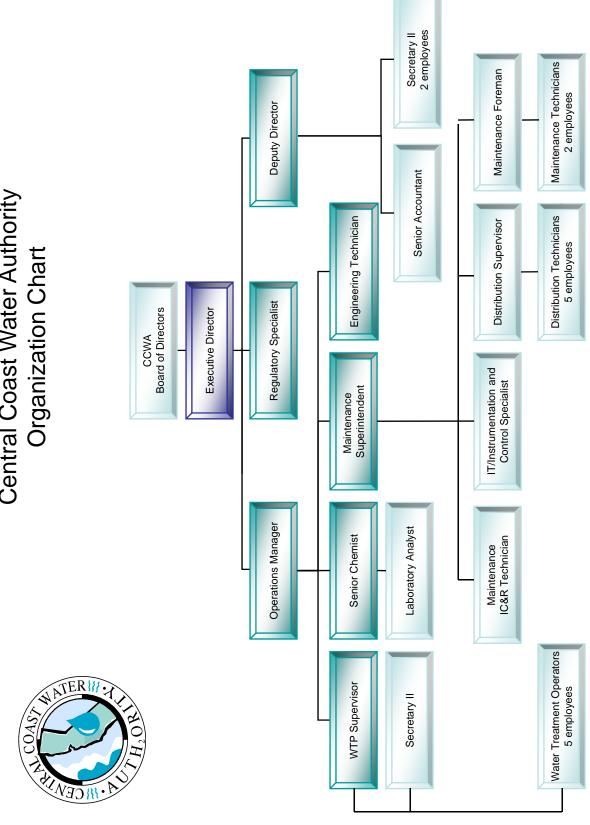
City of Guadalupe

AUTHORITY STAFF

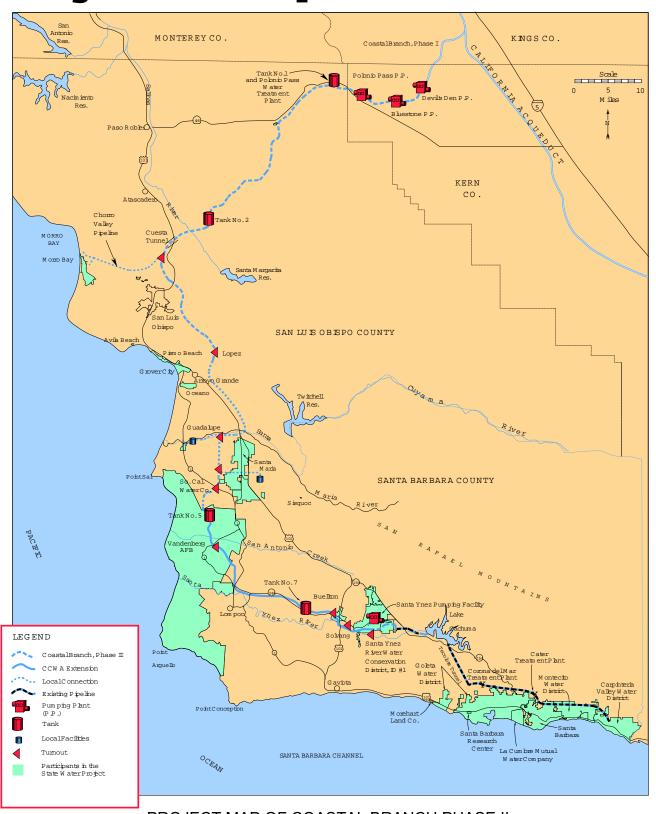
William Brennan Executive Director Ray Stokes Deputy Director

John Brady Operations Manager/Engineer

Central Coast Water Authority



Project Map



Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Central Coast Water Authority California

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2008

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

WHICE OFFICE AND STATES AND STATE

President

Executive Director

FINANCIAL SECTION



NASIF, HICKS, HARRIS & Co., LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

WILLIAM J. NASIF STEVEN J. HICKS JEFFERY P. HARRIS BARBARA ROGERS SCOLLIN JODY DOLAN HOLEHOUSE THOMAS W. BURK MARIANNE F. BLOOM ROBERT SWAYNE LYONS

1111 GARDEN STREET, SUITE 200 SANTA BARBARA, CALIFORNIA 93101 TELEPHONE (805) 966-1521 FAX (805) 963-1780 www.nhhco.com

October 22, 2009

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Member Agencies of the Central Coast Water Authority

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of the Central Coast Water Authority as of June 30, 2009 and 2008, and the related statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets and cash flows for the years then ended, as listed in the foregoing table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the management of the Central Coast Water Authority. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based upon our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Central Coast Water Authority as of June 30, 2009 and 2008, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The information identified in the accompanying table of contents as management's discussion and analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

The information identified in the table of contents as the introductory and statistical sections are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements of the Central Coast Water Authority. Such additional information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Mary, Hicks, Ha LLY & G., LLP Nasif, Hicks, Harris & Co., LLP

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Management's Discussion and Analysis

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

This section presents management's analysis of the Authority's financial condition and activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. This information should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the additional information that we have included in our letter of transmittal.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Authority operates as a proprietary fund-type. All proprietary fund-types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. Under this measurement focus, all assets and liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Proprietary fund-type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets.

All proprietary fund-types utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when earned, regardless of when received, and expenses are recognized at the time the related liabilities are incurred, regardless of when paid.

Summary of Organization and Business

The Central Coast Water Authority is a public entity duly organized and existing under a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement – Central Coast Water Authority, dated as of August 1, 1991, by and among nine public agencies in Santa Barbara County, two of which have subsequently merged. The members entered into the Agreement to exercise their common power to acquire, construct, operate and maintain works and facilities for the development and use of water resources and water rights including without limitation, works and facilities to divert, store, pump, treat and deliver water for beneficial uses. In particular, the members expressed their desire to create the Authority to finance, develop, operate, and maintain the Authority facilities for their mutual benefit and to act on behalf of the members with respect to the Department of Water Resources (DWR) facilities. The Authority currently has a staff of 26 full time employees and three part-time employees.

The Authority is presently composed of eight members, all of which are public agencies: the Cities of Buellton, Guadalupe, Santa Barbara and Santa Maria, Carpinteria Valley Water District, Goleta Water District, Montecito Water District and Santa Ynez River Water Conservation District, Improvement District No. 1 (in which the City of Solvang is located). (A founding member of the Authority, the Summerland Water District, merged into the Montecito Water District.) In addition, the Authority has an Associate Member, the La Cumbre Mutual Water Company. Each member appoints a representative to the Authority's Board of Directors. San Luis Obispo County Flood Control and Water Conservation District (SLOCFCWCD and/or San Luis Obispo Water Purchasers) has expressed an interest in joining the Authority. However, any decision to do so must be approved by the unanimous vote of the present members.

AL COAST WATER

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The member agencies are represented on the CCWA Board of Directors by an individual chosen by each public entity's Board or City Council. Each vote on the Authority Board of Directors is weighted roughly in proportion to the entity's allocation of State water entitlement.

The following table shows the voting percentage for each member of the CCWA Board of Directors.

City of Guadalupe	1.15%
City of Santa Maria	43.19%
City of Buellton	2.21%
Santa Ynez R.W.C.D., Improvement District #1	7.64%
Goleta Water District	17.20%
City of Santa Barbara	11.47%
Montecito Water District	9.50%
Carpinteria Valley Water District	7.64%
TOTAL	100.00%

CCWA Committees

There are currently three Central Coast Water Authority committees. They consist of the Finance, Operating, and Personnel Committees.

The Operating Committee is composed of the general managers, city administrators or water supply managers from each of the various water districts and cities served by the Authority. The Operating Committee typically meets quarterly to act on matters such as construction, operations, and financial issues and recommends actions to the Authority Board of Directors.

The Finance and Personnel Committee's are composed of CCWA Board members appointed by the CCWA Board Chairman and review and recommend actions to the Authority Board of Directors with regard to finance and personnel related matters.

Santa Barbara County Project Participants

Each Santa Barbara County project participant is a water purveyor or user located in Santa Barbara County which obtained contractual rights to receive water from the State Water Project prior to 1991. Those rights have been assigned to the Authority pursuant to the terms of the Water Supply Agreements.

San Luis Obispo County Water Purchasers

Each San Luis Obispo County water purchaser is a water purveyor or user located in San Luis Obispo County which obtained contractual rights from SLOCFCWCD to receive water from the State Water Project.

AL COAST WATER WAT

Management's Discussion and Analysis

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The following table shows a condensed version of the Authority's balance sheet with corresponding analysis regarding significant variances.

Condensed Balance Sheet										
	Jı	une 30, 2009	J	une 30, 2008	J	une 30, 2007	2	2009-2008 Change	2	2008-2007 Change
Current Assets	\$	55,678,339	\$	56,303,025	\$	56,152,178	\$	(624,686)	\$	150,847
Non-Current Restricted Assets		11,639,955		11,718,150		11,816,622		(78,195)		(98,472)
Capital Assets		111,286,024		113,488,910		115,558,673		(2,202,886)		(2,069,763)
Other Assets Total Assets	Φ	17,636,924 196,241,242	\$	19,199,163 200,709,248	\$	20,772,856 204,300,329	\$	(1,562,239) (4,468,006)	\$	(1,573,693)
Total Assets	Ψ	190,241,242	φ	200,709,246	φ	204,300,329	φ	(4,400,000)	φ	(3,391,061)
Current Liabilities	\$	63,432,068	\$	64,030,369	\$	63,843,876	\$	(598,301)	\$	186,493
Long-Term Liabilities		112,867,987		119,242,605		125,242,533		(6,374,618)		(5,999,928)
Total Liabilities		176,300,055		183,272,974		189,086,409		(6,972,919)		(5,813,435)
Net assets invested in capital assets										
net of related debt		17,817,946		15,393,071		13,141,528		2,424,875		2,251,544
Restricted - total		11,589,832		11,597,503		11,637,508		(7,672)		(40,005)
Unrestricted		(9,466,591)		(9,554,301)		(9,565,116)		87,710		10,815
Total Net Assets		19,941,187		17,436,273		15,213,920		2,504,913		2,222,354
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	196,241,242	\$	200,709,248	\$	204,300,329	\$	(4,468,006)	\$	(3,591,081)

Balance Sheet Analysis

June 30, 2009 Comparison to June 30, 2008

- Total assets as of June 30, 2009 are \$196.2 million, or \$4.5 million less than the June 30, 2008 amount.
- Capital and other assets are \$3.8 million lower than the prior year amount due to depreciation of the Authority's capital assets and amortization of the CCWA 2006A revenue bond issuance costs.
- Long-term liabilities are \$6.4 million lower due to the revenue bond principal payment during the year.

June 30, 2008 Comparison to June 30, 2007

- Total assets as of June 30, 2008 are \$200.7 million, or \$3.6 million less than the June 30, 2007 amount.
- Capital and other assets are \$3.6 million lower than the prior year amount due to depreciation of the Authority's capital assets, amortization of the CCWA 2006A revenue bond issuance costs.
- Long-term liabilities are \$6 million lower due to the revenue bond principal payment during the year.

The following table shows a condensed version of the Authority's Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets with corresponding analysis regarding significant variances.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Condensed Statem	ent c	of Revenue	s, I	xpenses a	nd	Changes i	n I	Net Asset	S	
	Ju	ne 30, 2009	Jι	ıne 30, 2008	Jι	ıne 30, 2007	2	2009-2008 Change	_	008-2007 Change
Operating Revenues (Expenses)		•		·		•				
Operating revenues	\$	18,512,443	\$	17,587,809	\$	16,948,321	\$	924,634	\$	639,488
Operating expenses,										
excluding depreciation expense		(7,360,058)		(6,374,186)		(6,394,058)		(985,872)		19,873
Depreciation and amortization		(3,229,412)		(3,253,470)		(3,438,918)		24,058		185,448
Operating Income	\$	7,922,973	\$	7,960,153	\$	7,115,345	\$	(37,180)		844,809
Non-operating revenues	\$	1,012,428	\$	1,868,499	\$	2,392,965	\$	(856,071)		(524,466)
Non-operating expenses		(6,430,489)		(7,606,298)		(8,394,916)		1,175,809		788,618
Refund of capital contributions		-		-		(328,338)		-		328,338
Increase (decrease) in Net Assets	\$	2,504,912	\$	2,222,354	\$	785,056	\$	282,557	\$	1,437,299

June 30, 2009 Comparison to June 30, 2008

• Operating revenues as of June 30, 2009 are about \$0.9 million higher than the prior year amount. This increase is primarily attributed to an increase in the operating reimbursements from project participants for an increase in operations and maintenance costs for the year.

It is the Authority's policy to return O&M assessment surpluses to the project participants in the form of credits against future assessments. For FY 2008/09, this credit totaled \$1.0 million compared to the FY 2007/08 credit of \$1.1 million.

- Operating expenses, excluding depreciation and amortization expense are about \$1 million higher than the prior year amount due to:
 - 1. Personnel expenses are higher than the prior year amount by about \$0.4 million due to salary increases and personnel changes during the year and prior year position vacancies which decreased the total prior year personnel costs.
 - 2. Decrease in unexpended operating reimbursements of \$0.1 million due to a decrease in the budget surplus for FY 2008/09 which is payable back to the Authority's project participants.
 - 3. Increase in professional services of about \$0.1 million for increased legal fees during the year.
 - 4. Increase in supplies and equipment expenses of \$0.1 million for higher chemical costs.
 - 5. Increase in other expenses of \$0.29 million attributed to an increase in the non-capitalized project expenses for FY 2008/09 compared to the prior year amounts.
- Non-operating revenues are about \$0.85 million lower due to a decrease in investment income.
- Non-operating expenses are \$1.17 million lower due to a decrease in interest income payable to the Authority's project participants and a decrease in revenue bond interest expense.

COAST IN THE REPORT OF THE REP

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2008 Comparison to June 30, 2007

• Operating revenues as of June 30, 2008 are about \$0.6 million higher than the prior year amount. This increase is primarily attributed to an increase in the operating reimbursements from project participants for an increase in operations and maintenance costs for the year.

It is the Authority's policy to return O&M assessment surpluses to the project participants in the form of credits against future assessments. For FY 2007/08, this credit totaled \$1.1 million compared to the FY 2006/07 credit of \$0.8 million.

- Operating expenses, excluding depreciation and amortization expense are about the same as the prior year amounts with the following significant variances:
 - 1. Personnel expenses are higher than the prior year amount by about \$0.18 million due to salary increases and personnel changes during the year.
 - 2. Increase in unexpended operating reimbursements of \$0.1 million due to an increase in the budget surplus for FY 2007/08 which is payable back to the Authority's project participants.
 - 3. Decrease in other expenses of \$0.36 million attributed to a decrease in the non-capitalized project expenses for FY 2007/08 compared to the prior year amounts.
- Non-operating revenues are about \$0.5 million lower due to a decrease in investment income.
- Non-operating expenses are \$0.8 million lower due to a decrease in interest income payable to the Authority's project participants and a decrease in revenue bond interest expense.

Capital Assets

The following table provides a summary of the Authority's capital assets and changes from the prior year.

						- 2	2009-2008	- 2	2008-2007
	Jı	une 30, 2009	June 30, 2008	J	une 30, 2007		Change		Change
Land	\$	3,178,700	\$ 3,178,700	\$	3,178,700	\$	(0)	\$	-
Furniture fixtures and equipment		471,712	471,712		473,821		1		(2,111)
Equipment		28,418,821	28,388,043		28,324,938		30,778		63,105
Buildings and structures		48,709,739	48,709,739		48,476,520		-		233,219
Underground pipeline		58,971,623	58,971,623		58,971,623		-		-
Construction in progress		114,488	18,491		170,694		95,997		(152,203)
Total property, plant and									
equipment		139,865,083	139,738,308		139,596,296		126,775		142,010
Accumulated depreciation		(28,579,059)	(26,249,398)		(24,037,624)		(2,329,661)		(2,211,773)
Net property, plant and equipment	\$	111,286,024	\$ 113,488,910	\$	115,558,672	\$	(2,202,886)	\$	(2,069,763)

Please refer to the Notes to the Financial Statements for additional information regarding the Authority's capital assets.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis

Debt Administration

On September 28, 2006, the Authority issued Series 2006A refunding revenue bonds in the amount of \$123,190,000, which refunded the outstanding \$142,985,000 Series 1996A revenue bonds. The 2006A revenue bonds were issued at a true interest cost of 4.24% and were issued to reduce the Authority's total debt service payments over the next 15 years by \$4.4 million, and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$3.4 million. At June 30, 2009, the Authority had \$111,105,000 of outstanding 2006A revenue bonds.

The Authority's 2006 revenue bond indenture and the Water Supply Agreements require that certain CCWA project participants and contractors maintain a ratio of net revenues to contract payments of at least 1.25. Additionally, the Authority has complied with the Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c12 which requires all local governments that bring municipal debt to market after July 3, 1995 to provide specified financial and operating information on an annual basis which mirrors the information provided in the 2006 revenue bond official statement.

Please refer to Note number 4 in the Notes to the Financial Statements for additional information regarding the Authority's long-term debt.

Balance Sheets



<u>ASSETS</u>	For the fiscal year ende			
	_	June 30, 2009		June 30, 2008
Current Assets				
Cash and investments	\$	20,069,449	\$	20,153,049
Interest receivable		41,147		108,936
Other assets	_	246,651	_	265,748
Total Unrestricted Current Assets	_	20,357,247		20,527,733
Restricted Current Assets				
Cash and investments held for payment to DWR	_	35,321,092		35,775,292
Total Current Assets	_	55,678,339		56,303,025
Non-Current Assets				
Restricted Assets				
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		-		282
Cash and investments for debt service payments		11,589,832		11,597,222
Interest receivable	_	50,122		120,646
Total Restricted Non-Current Assets	_	11,639,955		11,718,150
Capital Assets				
Capital assets (Net of accumulated depreciation of \$28,579,058 for 2009 and				
\$26,249,397 for 2008)		108,107,324		110,310,210
Land	_	3,178,700		3,178,700
Total Capital Assets	_	111,286,024		113,488,910
Unamortized bond issuance costs, net		5,852,394		6,690,783
Long-term accounts receivable		11,784,530		12,508,380
Total Non-Current Assets	-	140,562,903	- – - –	144,406,223
Total Assets	\$ <u>_</u>	196,241,242	\$_	200,709,248

Continued

 $The \ notes \ to \ the \ financial \ statements \ are \ an \ integral \ part \ of \ these \ statements.$

Balance Sheets



LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		For the fi	scal y	ear ended
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_	June 30, 2009		June 30, 2008
Current Liabilities	_			
Accounts payable	\$	319,163	\$	149,089
Deposits for payment to DWR		35,361,344		35,872,441
Accrued interest payable Other		1,319,083		1,380,982
liabilities		436,425		485,978
Liability for compensated absences		132,601		111,490
Current portion of bonds payable		6,430,000		6,190,000
Prepaid project participant assessments		19,433,453		19,840,389
Total Current Liabilities	-	63,432,068		64,030,369
Long-Term Liabilities				
Bonds				
payable		104,675,000		111,105,000
Rate coverage reserve fund	_	8,192,987		8,137,605
Total Long-Term Liabilities	_	112,867,987		119,242,605
Total Liabilities	-	176,300,055		183,272,974
Net Assets				
Net assets invested in capital assets,				
net of related debt		17,817,946		15,393,071
Restricted - capital projects		-		282
Restricted - debt service		11,589,832		11,597,222
Unrestricted	_	(9,466,591)		(9,554,301)
Total Net Assets	_	19,941,187		17,436,274
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	196,241,242	\$	200,709,248



Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets

	=	For the fiscal year ended			
	_	June 30, 2009		June 30, 2008	
Operating Revenues					
Operating reimbursements					
from project participants	\$	18,435,250	\$	17,525,113	
Other revenues	_	77,193	_	62,696	
Total Operating Revenues	_	18,512,443		17,587,809	
Operating Expenses					
Personnel expenses		3,385,929		2,970,211	
Office expenses		22,371		25,020	
General and administrative		228,387		184,278	
Professional services		412,346		283,521	
Supplies and equipment		916,684		783,569	
Monitoring expenses		68,516		52,500	
Repairs and maintenance		197,402		157,693	
Utilities		450,950		402,829	
Unexpended operating reimbursements		972,284		1,100,689	
Depreciation and amortization		3,229,412		3,253,470	
Other expenses	_	705,189	_	413,876	
Total Operating Expenses	-	10,589,470		9,627,656	
Operating Income	_	7,922,973		7,960,153	
Non-Operating Revenues					
Interest income		1,012,428		1,862,268	
Gain on disposal of capital assets		- · · · · -		6,231	
Total Non-Operating Revenues	-	1,012,428		1,868,499	
Non-Operating Expenses					
Interest expense		5,338,226		5,582,876	
Loss on disposal of capital assets		105,401		164,911	
Interest income paid to project participants		986,862		1,858,511	
Total Non-Operating Expenses	<u> </u>	6,430,489		7,606,298	
Increase in net assets before contributions		2,504,912		2,222,354	
Change in net assets	_	2,504,912		2,222,354	
Net assets, at beginning of year		17,436,274		15,213,920	
Net assets, at end of year	\$	19,941,187	\$	17,436,274	

Statements of Cash Flows



	For the fisca	al year ended
	June 30, 2009	June 30, 2008
Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
Cash received from project participants and other operating activities	\$ 17,371,854	\$ 16,521,000
Cash payments to employees	(2,367,318)	(2,053,516)
Cash payments to suppliers	(3,850,382)	(3,353,802)
Net cash provided by operating activities	11,154,154	11,113,682
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Interest and dividends on investments	1,150,741	1,977,440
Net cash provided by investing activities	1,150,741	1,977,440
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Acquisition of capital assets	(293,537)	(471,676)
Interest paid on long-term debt	(5,400,126)	(5,641,826)
Principal payments on long-term debt	(6,190,000)	(5,895,000)
Proceeds received from sale of capital assets	-	6,231
Net cash used by capital and		•
related financing activities	(11,883,663)	(12,002,271)
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities		
Proceeds received for DWR and Warren Act charges	34,825,410	34,813,649
Payments of DWR and Warren Act charges	(35,792,114)	(35,783,448)
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities	(966,704)	(969,799)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(545,472)	119,052
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	67,525,845	67,406,793
Unrestricted cash and investments	20,069,449	20,153,049
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agents	-	282
Restricted cash and investments held for payment to DWR	35,321,092	35,775,292
Restricted cash and investments for debt service payments	11,589,832	11,597,222
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 66,980,373	\$ 67,525,845
Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
Operating Income	\$ 7,922,973	\$ 7,960,153
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided		
by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	3,229,412	3,253,470
Unexpended operating reimbursements payable to project participants	972,284	1,100,689
Operating revenues paid from credits and unearned revenue	(1,140,588)	(1,066,808)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	170,073	(133,822)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 11,154,154	\$ 11,113,682

Statements of Cash Flows



Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information

	For the fise June 30, 2009	cal year ended June 30, 2008
Schedule of Non-Cash Capital and Related Financing Activities The Authority completed the construction of certain assets and transferred them from construction in progress to property, plant and equipment.	<u>\$ 177,145</u>	<u>\$ 527,486</u>
The Authority disposed of certain property, plant and equipment which were determined to no longer be usable.	<u>\$ 166,763</u>	<u>\$ 329,795</u>

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Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Central Coast Water Authority ("Authority") conform to generally accepted accounting principles. The following summary of the Authority's more significant accounting policies is presented to assist the reader in interpreting the financial statements and other data in this report. These policies should be viewed as an integral part of the accompanying financial statements.

A. Reporting Entity

The primary purpose of the Central Coast Water Authority is to provide for the development, financing, construction, operation and maintenance of certain local (non-state owned) facilities required to deliver water from the State Water Project (the "SWP") to certain water purveyors and users in Santa Barbara County.

The Central Coast Water Authority was created by its members in August 1991. The Authority is presently composed of eight members, all of which are public agencies, as follows: the cities of Buellton, Guadalupe, Santa Barbara, and Santa Maria, Carpinteria Valley Water District, Goleta Water District, Montecito Water District and the Santa Ynez River Water Conservation District, Improvement District No. I (SYRWCD, ID#1, in which the City of Solvang is located). (A founding member of the Authority, the Summerland Water District, merged into the Montecito Water District.) In addition, the Authority has one associate member, the La Cumbre Mutual Water Company (together with the members, the "Purveyor Participants"). Each of the Purveyor Participants has entered into a Water Supply Agreement with the Authority, as have non-members: Vandenberg Air Force Base ("Vandenberg AFB"), Raytheon Systems Company (formerly Santa Barbara Research Center), Morehart Land Company and Southern California Water Company (the "Consumer Participants").

The Authority Participants are located in three different geographic areas of Santa Barbara County: North County (Guadalupe, Santa Maria, Southern California Water Company and Vandenberg AFB); the Santa Ynez Valley (Buellton and SYRWCD, ID#l); and the South Coast (Carpinteria, Goleta, La Cumbre Mutual Water Company, Montecito, Morehart Land Company, Santa Barbara and Raytheon Systems Company, formerly Santa Barbara Research Center). Historically, the North County has been an

agricultural area but has seen significant urban development in the last twenty years and expects additional urban development in the future; the Santa Ynez Valley is a rural agricultural area and tourist destination; and the South Coast is a generally developed urban area which does not expect significant growth in the future.

In October 1992, the Central Coast Water Authority entered into an agreement with San Luis Obispo (SLO) County to treat water delivered through the SWP. The entities covered by the agreement include: Avila Beach County Water District, Avila Valley Mutual Water Company, California Men's Colony, City of Morro Bay, City of Pismo Beach, County of San Luis Obispo Community Services Area #16, Irrigation District # 1, Cuesta College, Oceano Community Services District, San Luis Obispo County Operations Center, San Luis Coastal Unified School District and San Miguelito Mutual Water Company.

Facilities Constructed by the Authority

The facilities constructed by the Authority include a water treatment plant located at Polonio Pass in northern San Luis Obispo County and two pipeline extensions: (1) the Mission Hills Extension, a buried pipeline approximately eleven miles long running from the terminus of the Coastal Branch (Phase II) southerly to the vicinity of the Lompoc Valley, and (2) the Santa Ynez Extension, a buried pipeline approximately thirty-two miles long running from the terminus of the Mission Hills Extension easterly through the Santa Ynez Valley, to a terminus at Cachuma Lake and includes one pumping plant near Santa Ynez and one storage tank. Water transported to Lake Cachuma is transported through the existing Tecolote Tunnel, which traverses the Santa Ynez Mountains, to the South Coast of Santa Barbara County.

The water treatment plant receives raw water from the SWP and delivers treated water to purveyors and users located in San Luis Obispo and Santa Barbara Counties.

Contractual Relationships

The State of California Department of Water Resources ("DWR") entered into contracts (the "State Water Supply Contracts") with San Luis Obispo and Santa Barbara Counties in 1963 pursuant to which the counties received Table A amounts to water from the SWP. San Luis Obispo County's Table A amount was for 25,000 acre-feet per year and Santa

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Notes to Financial Statements

Barbara County's Table A amount was for 57,700 acre-feet per year. In 1981, Santa Barbara County amended its contract to reduce its Table A amount to 45,486 acre-feet per year.

In 1983, Santa Barbara County entered into a series of Water Supply Retention Agreements ("WSRAs") with local water purveyors and users within Santa Barbara County. These WSRAs initially granted the purveyors and users an option to obtain an assignment of Santa Barbara County's State Water Supply Contract rights and, as of July 1, 1989, actually granted the full assignment of those rights. Thereafter, certain of the local water purveyors and users holding the WSRA rights transferred those rights to the Authority, a newly formed joint powers authority, in consideration for Water Supply Agreements dated August 1, 1991, which provide for the delivery of SWP water by the Authority and the payment of required costs by the transferors. The Authority's obligation to make such payments to the DWR from the payments it receives pursuant to the Water Supply Agreements is senior to its obligation to make payments with respect to the Bonds. These transfers have been consented to by DWR and were validated by an agreement between Santa Barbara County and the Authority on November 12, 1991 (the "Transfer of Financial Responsibility Agreement").

The Water Supply Agreements

Each Project Participant has entered into a Water Supply Agreement to provide for the development, financing, construction, operation and maintenance of the Project. The purpose of the Water Supply Agreements is to assist in carrying out the purposes of the Authority with respect to the Project by: (1) requiring the Authority to sell, and the Project Participants to buy, a specified amount of water from the project, and (2) assigning the Project Participants' Table A amount rights in the Project to the Authority.

In accordance with the provisions of each Water Supply Agreement, the Authority fixes charges for each Project Participant to produce revenues from the Project equal to the amounts anticipated to be needed by the Authority to meet the costs of the Authority to deliver to each Project Participant its pro rata share of water from the Project as set forth in each Water Supply Agreement. Each Project Participant is required to pay to the Authority an amount equal to its share of the total Fixed Project Costs and certain other costs in the proportion established in accordance with the applicable Water Supply Agreement, including the Santa Barbara Project Participant's share of payments to DWR under the State Water

Supply Contract, as amended (including capital, operation, maintenance, power and replacement costs of the DWR Facilities), debt service on the Bonds and all Authority operating and administrative costs. Such obligation is to be honored by each Project Participant whether or not water is furnished to it from the Project at all times or not at all and whether or not the Project is completed, operable, operated or retired. Such payments are not subject to any reduction and are not conditioned upon performance by the Authority or any other Project Participant under any agreement.

The Water Supply Agreements set forth detailed provisions concerning the time and method of payment by each Contractor of certain costs, including Fixed Project Costs and other operation and maintenance costs, as well as the method of allocation of such costs and expenses and the remedies available to the Authority in the event a project participant defaults in its payments to the Authority.

B. Basis of Accounting

The Authority operates as a proprietary fund type. All proprietary fund-types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. Under this measurement focus, all assets and liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheets. Where appropriate, net total assets (i.e., fund equity) is segregated into net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt and unrestricted net assets. Proprietary fund-type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets.

All proprietary fund-types utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when earned, regardless of when received, and expenses are recognized at the time the related liabilities are incurred, regardless of when paid.

This report has been prepared in conformance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Additionally, the Authority applies all Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations, Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins (ARB's) issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

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Notes to Financial Statements

The Authority has adopted GASB Statements 33 through 42, and related interpretations issued through June 30, 2009. Statement 34 and subsequent Statements and Interpretations required certain other changes in terminology, format and content, as well as inclusion of the management's discussion and analysis as required supplementary information.

C. Investments

The Authority has developed an investment policy that exceeds the minimum requirements established by the State of California. The Authority believes that it has adhered to established policies for all investment activities. As of June 30, 2009, the investment portfolio has a weighted average maturity of 0 days and a yield to maturity of 1.13%.

The Authority reports investments with a maturity at the time of purchase of less than one year at amortized cost. Investments with a maturity greater than one year at the time of purchase are reported at fair value. As of June 30, 2009 all investments are reported at amortized cost.

D. Capital Assets

Capital assets, consisting of property, plant and equipment purchased or constructed by the Authority which meet or exceed the Authority's capitalization threshold of \$5,000 and an estimated useful life of five years or more, are stated at cost. Depreciation has been computed over the estimated useful life of each asset using the straight-line method. Interest costs have been capitalized based on the average outstanding capital expenditures. In addition, certain technical and engineering related studies associated with the Project have also been capitalized and included in the basis of the assets. The ranges of depreciation rates are:

Furniture fixtures and equipment	5-10 years
Equipment	10-50 years
Buildings and structures	30-50 years
Underground pipeline	75 years

E. Inventories

Certain chemical purchases for use at the water treatment plant have been recorded to an inventory account to be expensed in proportion to the amount of water treated at the water treatment plant on a monthly basis.

F. Unamortized Bond Issuance Costs

Unamortized bond issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds in proportion to the interest expense recognized each period (see Note 4).

G. Deposits

Deposits include cash receipts from project participants for amounts payable to the Department of Water Resources (DWR) and Warren Act Charges payable to the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation and the Cachuma Operations and Maintenance Board (COMB).

H. Operating Reimbursements from Project Participants

Operating reimbursements from project participants include amounts paid for Authority operating expenses and debt service payments. Debt service operating assessment receipts for both principal and interest are recorded as operating revenues.

I. Unexpended Operating Assessments

It is the policy of the Authority to return unexpended operating assessments and interest income to the project participants after the close of each fiscal year. Unexpended operating assessments and investment income earned on the Authority's unrestricted cash balances are recorded as unearned revenue and returned to the project participants as a credit against the following years operating assessment.

J. Operating and Non-Operating Revenues and Expenses

Project participant assessment payments for operations and maintenance expenses, revenue bond debt service payments and miscellaneous revenues are considered operating revenues. Interest income and gains on sale of capital assets and investments are considered non-operating revenues.

Operations and maintenance expenses and depreciation and amortization expenses are considered operating expenses. Revenue bond interest expenses and other extraordinary expenses are considered non-operating expenses.

COAST NERWY

Notes to Financial Statements

K. Long-Term Accounts Receivable

Certain project participants requested that the Authority finance local facilities and other costs associated with the State water project owned and operated by the individual project participants. These costs are recorded as a long-term receivable on the Authority's balance sheet and repaid by the project participants in the form of revenue bond debt service payments to the Authority.

L. Rate Coverage Reserve Fund

In December 1997, the Authority adopted the rate coverage reserve fund policy to provide a mechanism to allow the Authority's project participants to satisfy a portion of their obligation under Section 20(a) of the Water Supply Agreement to impose rates and charges sufficient to collect 125% of their contract payments as defined in the Water Supply Agreement.

Under the rate coverage reserve fund policy, a project participant may deposit with the Authority up to twenty five percent (25%) of its State water contract payments in a given year. Amounts on deposit in the rate coverage reserve fund are used to satisfy a portion of the rate coverage obligation found in the Water Supply Agreement.

The following table shows a summary of project participant deposits in the rate coverage reserve fund as of June 30, 2009.

Project Participant	June 30, 2009
City of Buellton	\$ 257,089
Carpinteria Valley Water District	811,876
City of Guadalupe	166,917
La Cumbre Mutual Water Company	389,111
Montecito Water District	1,082,142
Oceano CSD (SLO County)	183,835
City of Santa Maria	4,267,956
Shandon (SLO County)	15,127
Santa Ynez Water Conservation	
District, ID #1 (City of Solvang	
portion)	603,042
Santa Ynez WCD,ID #1	415,892
Total	\$8,192,987
•	

M. Self-Funded Dental/Vision Insurance Plan

The Authority maintains a self insured plan for dental and vision coverage offered to employees. Under the provisions of the plan, each full-time employee is provided approximately \$2,933 per fiscal year to pay dental and vision expenses for the employee and their qualified dependents.

The following table shows a summary of the claims liability and claims paid for the plan years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008.

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>
Maximum claims liability	\$ 78,641	\$ 78,613
Actual claims paid	(43,828)	(53,225)

N. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported period. Actual results will differ from those estimates.

Note 2: Cash and Investments

A. Pooling

The Authority follows the practice of pooling cash and investments for all funds under its direct daily control. Funds held by outside fiscal agents under provisions of the bond indenture are maintained separately. Interest income from cash and investments with fiscal agents is credited directly to the related accounts. The Authority considers all pooled cash and investments to be cash equivalents.

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Notes to Financial Statements

B. <u>Demand Deposits</u>

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that the Authority will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. This risk is mitigated in that of the total bank balance, \$250,000 is insured by Federal depository insurance.

The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure the Authority's deposits by pledging government securities as collateral. The market value of pledged securities must equal at least 110% of the Authority's deposits. California law also allows financial institutions to secure Authority deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the Authority's total deposits.

As of June 30, 2009, the reported amount of the Authority's demand deposits was \$357,507 and the bank balance was \$391,760. The difference of \$34,253 was principally due to checks which had not yet cleared the bank.

C. Cash and Investments

The Authority is authorized by its investment policy, in accordance with Section 53601 of the California Government Code, to invest in the following instruments: securities issued or guaranteed by the Federal Government or its agencies, commercial paper, money market funds, and the State Treasurer's Local Agency Investment Funds (LAIF).

The fair value of pooled investments is determined annually and is based on current market prices received from the securities custodian. The fair value of participants' position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares. The method used to determine the value of participants' equity withdrawn is based on the book value of the participants'

percentage participation at the date of such withdrawal. LAIF is required to invest in accordance with State statutes. At June 30, 2009, the carrying value of the Authority's position in LAIF is \$38,724,686 and the fair value is \$38,777,514.

Credit Risk and Concentration of Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer. The Treasurer mitigates these risks by holding a diversified portfolio of high quality investments. The policy sets specific parameters by type of investment for credit quality, maturity length, and maximum percentage investment.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the Authority will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Treasurer mitigates this risk by investing in shorter-term investments that are not subject to significant adjustments due to interest rate fluctuations.



Notes to Financial Statements

Investment	Cost	Fair Value 6/30/2009	Interest Rate Range	Maturity Date/ Range	Weighted Average Maturity	Credit Rating
Pooled Investments:						
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$ 38,724,687	38,777,515	1.38	n/a	n/a	Non-rated
Money Market Funds	27,898,179	27,898,179	0.42-1.14	7/2009	0 days	AAA
Total Investments	66,622,866	66,675,694				
Cash in Banks:						
Interest Bearing Deposits	356,808	356,808				
Cash on Hand	699	699				
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 66,980,373	\$ 67,033,201				

Note 3: <u>Capital Assets</u>

Property, plant and equipment consisted of the following at June 30:

		2009			2008	
	Property, Plant and	Accumulated	<u> </u>	Property, Plant and	Accumulated	
	Equipment	Depreciation	Net	Equipment	Depreciation	Net
Land	\$ 3,178,700	\$ -	\$ 3,178,700	\$ 3,178,700	\$ -	\$ 3,178,700
Furniture fixtures						
and equipment	471,712	(372,671)	99,041	471,712	(340,596)	131,116
Equipment	28,418,821	(10,327,451)	18,091,369	28,388,044	(9,526,402)	18,861,642
Buildings and	, ,	, , , ,	, ,	, ,	· , , , ,	, ,
structures	48,709,739	(8,404,901)	41,304,838	48,709,739	(7,699,719)	41,010,020
Underground	,,	(0,101,501)	, ,	,,	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, ,
pipeline	58,971,623	(9,474,036)	49,497,587	58,971,623	(8,682,681)	50,288,942
Construction in	,,,	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,	,,	(0,00=,000)	,,- :-
progress	114,488	-	114,488	18,490	-	18,490
Total property				,		
and equipment	136,686,383	(28,579,059)	108,107,324	136,559,608	(26,249,398)	110,310,210
Total property, plant, and						
equipment	\$139,865,083	\$ (28,579,059)	\$111,286,024	\$139,738,308	\$(26,249,398)	\$113,488,910



Notes to Financial Statements

The following table shows the capital asset activity for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008.

	Plant and	Accumulated	
	Equipment	Depreciation	Net
Balance,			
June 30, 2007	\$ 136,417,597	\$ (24,037,624)	\$ 112,379,973
Additions	471,676	(2,376,658)	(1,904,982)
Retirements			
and disposals	(329,665)	164,885	(164,780)
Balance at			_
June 30, 2008	136,559,608	(26,249,397)	110,310,210
Additions	293,537	(2,391,023)	(2,097,486)
Retirements			
and transfers	(166,763)	61,362	(105,401)
Balance,			_
June 30, 2009	\$ 136,686,382	\$ (28,579,058)	\$ 108,107,324

Note 4: Long-Term Debt

On September 28, 2006, the Authority issued \$123,190,000 in revenue bonds with an average interest rate of 4.24% to refund \$142.985,000 of outstanding 1996 Revenue Bonds with an Average interest rate of 5.47%.

The refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$8.25 million. This difference, reported in the accompanying financial statements as unamortized bond issuance costs, is being charged to operations through the year 2022 in proportion to the bond interest expense incurred for each fiscal year. The Authority completed the refunding to reduce its total debt service payments over the next 15 years by \$4.4 million and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$3.4 million.

The 1996 Revenue Bonds were issued to advance refund the 1992 Revenue Bonds. The 1992 Revenue Bonds were issued by the Authority for the benefit of its participants to finance a portion of the costs of Developing a pipeline and water treatment plant, to reimburse certain project participants for costs incurred in connection with the State Water Project, and to finance certain other facilities. Each of the participants in the financing held elections authorizing issuance of revenue bonds for the construction of the State Water Project. In order to reduce issuance costs and insure the proceeds are available on a timely basis, the Authority issued the bonds for all participants requiring financing.

The City of Santa Maria, Southern California Water Company, Vandenberg AFB, Avila Valley Mutual Water Company, San Luis Coastal Unified School District, and San Miguelito Mutual Water Company contributed cash for their proportionate share of capital costs. Such net contributions totaling \$22,562,433 at June 30, 2009 and June 30, 2008 have been accounted for as contributed capital. Under the Water Supply Agreements, each Project Participants is obligated to make payments to the Authority, with the payments pledged to secure the payment of the principal and interest of the bonds. The 2006 bonds are backed by a municipal bond insurance policy issued by Financial Security Assurance.

The annual requirements to pay all debt outstanding, as of June 30, 2009, are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Interest	Principal	<u>Total</u>
2010	\$ 5,147,725	\$ 6,430,000	\$ 11,577,725
2011	4,885,225	6,695,000	11,580,225
2012	4,577,325	6,960,000	11,537,325
2013	4,247,463	7,335,000	11,582,463
2014-2018	15,442,825	42,130,000	57,572,825
2019-2022	4,282,125	41,555,000	45,837,125
	\$ 38,582,688	\$111,105,000	\$ 149,687,688

The 2006A bonds outstanding bear interest ranging from 4.00% to 5.00%.

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Notes to Financial Statements

The long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2009 was as follows:

	Balance			Balance	Due Within
	July 1, 2008	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2009	One Year
Series 2006A Revenue Bonds	111,105,000	-	(6,430,000)	104,675,000	6,430,000
Rate Coverage Reserve Fund	8,137,605	55,382	-	8,192,987	<u>-</u> _
Total	\$ 119,242,605 \$	55,382 \$	(6,430,000) \$	112,867,987	\$ 6,430,000

Note 5: Defined Benefit Pension Plan

A. Plan Description

The Central Coast Water Authority's defined benefit pension plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual costof-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Central Coast Water Authority is part of the Public Agency portion of the California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS), an agent multiple-employer plan administered by CalPERS, which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public employers within the State of California. A menu of benefit provisions as well as other requirements is established by State statutes within the Public Employees' Retirement Law. The Central Coast Water Authority selects optional benefits through local Board resolution. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report. Copies of the CalPERS' annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95814.

B. Funding Policy

Active plan members in the Central Coast Water Authority are required to contribute 7% of their annual covered salary. However, the Authority pays this amount on behalf of the employees without requiring a contribution from the employees. The Authority is required to contribute the actuarially determined remaining amounts necessary to fund the benefits for its members. The actuarial methods and assumptions used are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2008/09 was 12.455%. The contribution rate is established and may be amended by CalPERS.

C. Annual Pension Costs

For fiscal year 2008/09, the Central Coast Water Authority's annual pension costs were \$418,721 and the Authority actually contributed \$406,857. The required contribution for fiscal year 2008/09 was determined as part of the June 30, 2006 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method with the contributions determined as a percent of pay.

Because the Authority has less than 100 active members, it is required to participate in the Miscellaneous 2% at 55 Risk Pool. The Authority's employer contribution rate is calculated using a combination of the Authority's individual plan cost components and the risk pool's cost components. actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.75% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses); (b) projected salary increases that vary by duration of service ranging from 3.25% to 14.45% for miscellaneous members, and (c) 3.00% cost-ofliving adjustment. Both (a) and (b) include an inflation component of 3.25%. The actuarial value of the Risk Pool's plan assets was determined using a technique that smoothes the effect of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a two to five year period depending on the size of investment gains and/or losses. The Risk Pool's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis. The average remaining amortization period at June 30, 2007 was 16 years.

Three-Year Trend Information for the Central Coast Water
Authority

Fiscal	Annual	Percentage	Net
Year	Pension	of APC	Pension
Ending	Cost (APC)	Contributed	Obligation
6/30/05	\$277,414	90%	\$28,663
6/30/06	\$337,979	98%	\$6,321
6/30/07	\$345,432	98%	\$8,000

Notes to Financial Statements

Funded Status of the Risk Pool (in thousands)

	Entry Age		
Valuation	Normal	Market	
<u>Date</u>	Accrued	Value of	Unfunded
	<u>Liability</u>	<u>Assets</u>	<u>Liability</u>
6/30/05	\$2,891,461	\$2,663,352	\$ 228,109
6/30/06	\$2,754,397	\$2,636,941	\$ 117,456
6/30/07	\$2,611,747	\$2,756,867	\$ (145,120)
		Annual	UAAL As a
Valuation	Funded	Covered	Percentage
<u>Date</u>	<u>Ratio</u>	<u>Payroll</u>	of Payroll (1)
6/30/05	92.1%	\$755,047	30.2%
6/30/06	95.7%	\$699,898	16.8%
6/30/07	105.6%	\$665,523	(21.8%)

(1) UAAL: Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability.

Note 6: Commitments and Uncertainties

The Authority leases equipment under non-cancelable operating leases. Minimum rental commitments for these operating leases in effect at June 30, 2009 were \$9,619 (2009) and \$16,072 thereafter, resulting in total minimum payments of \$25,691.

The Authority is involved in various legal proceedings, lawsuits and claims of a nature considered normal for its activities. It is the Authority's policy to accrue for amounts related to these legal matters if it is probable that a liability has been incurred and an amount is reasonably estimable. For the periods ending June 30, 2009 and June 30, 2008, the Authority had no liability for claims or judgments.

All of the accounts receivable recorded by the Authority are payable by its local participants and the DWR under the agreements more fully described in Note 1.

The Authority does not provide post employment retirement health insurance benefits and therefore has no liability for Post Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

Note 7: Joint Powers Insurance Authority

The Authority participates in the liability, property and fidelity bond insurance program organized by the Association of California Water Agencies Joint Powers Insurance Authority ("ACWA - JPIA"). ACWA - JPIA is a joint powers insurance authority created to provide a self-insurance program to water agencies in the State of California.

ACWA-JPIA provides liability, property, workers' compensation, fidelity and boiler and machinery insurance for approximately 300 water agencies for losses in excess of the members' specified self-insurance retention levels. Individual claims (and aggregate public liability and property claims) in excess of specified levels are covered by excess insurance policies purchased from commercial carriers. ACWA - JPIA is governed by a board composed of members from participating members. The board controls the operations of ACWA - JPIA, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by the members beyond their representation on the board.

Each member shares surpluses and deficiencies proportionately to its participation in ACWA. The Authority has not incurred any settlements which exceeded insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

Note 8: Deferred Compensation Plan

The Authority offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Under the terms of this plan, employees may defer amounts of income up to one hundred percent of salary or \$15,500 per year, whichever is less.

STATISTICAL SECTION



Statistical Section



STATISTICAL SECTION

The information in this section is not covered by the Independent Auditor's Report, but is presented as supplemental data for the benefit of the readers of the comprehensive annual financial report. The objectives of statistical section information are to provide financial statement users with additional historical perspective, context and detail to assist in using the information in the financial statements, notes to financial statements, and required supplementary information to understand and assess a government's economic condition.

Contents

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Authority's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Authority's current level of outstanding debt.

Economic and Demographic Information

These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Authority's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the Authority's financial report relates to the activities performed by the Authority.

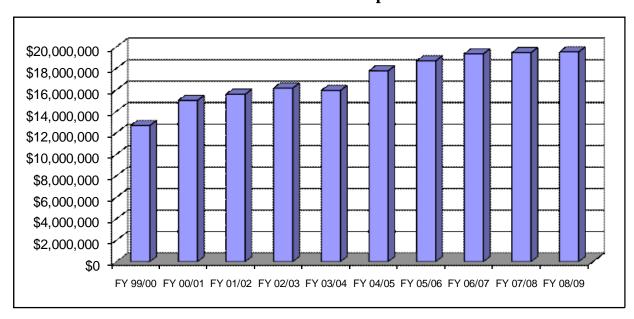


TABLE 1
General Governmental Revenues by Source

Fiscal Year	Operating Assessments	Debt Service Assessments	Other Revenues	Interest Income	Total Revenues
1999/00	\$ 1,963,376	\$ 7,779,256	\$ 2,598	\$ 2,924,419	\$ 12,669,649
2000/01	1,601,303	10,263,441	88,587	3,054,399	15,007,753
2001/02	2,608,414	10,377,750	480,344	2,107,406	15,573,914
2002/03	4,027,340	10,471,871	166,719	1,491,002	16,156,930
2003/04	4,126,452	10,577,149	70,080	1,155,686	15,929,366
2004/05 (1)	5,518,626	10,646,678	33,644	1,565,540	17,764,487
2005/06	5,649,874	10,734,275	49,352	2,252,091	18,685,591
2006/07	6,577,214	10,339,149	43,226	2,381,697	19,341,285
2007/08	6,673,228	10,851,885	68,927	1,862,268	19,456,307
2008/09	7,583,365	10,851,885	77,193	1,012,428	19,524,870

Source: Central Coast Water Authority

Total Revenue Comparison



⁽¹⁾ Beginning with fiscal year 2004/05, Operating Assessments exclude yearend credits for unexpended operating reimbursements.

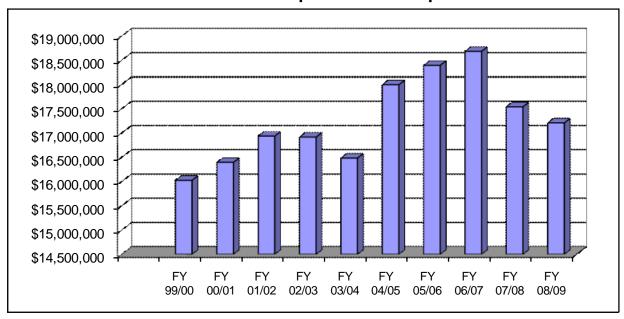


TABLE 2
General Governmental Expenditures by Function

Fiscal Year	Operating Expenses	Īı	Capital nprovements	Interest Expense	terest paid Participants	E	Total xpenditures
1999/00	\$ 7,260,069	\$	318,601	\$ 8,447,925	\$ -	\$	16,026,595
2000/01	7,485,168		611,625	8,297,610	-		16,394,403
2001/02	8,043,758		734,218	8,158,708	-		16,936,684
2002/03	8,263,920		648,606	8,003,636	-		16,916,162
2003/04	8,302,059		349,809	7,831,733	-		16,483,601
2004/05 (1)	9,177,815		366,907	7,601,613	848,333		17,994,667
2005/06	9,331,814		211,441	7,336,413	1,514,040		18,393,708
2006/07	9,832,976		454,619	6,223,707	2,171,209		18,682,510
2007/08	9,627,656		471,676	5,582,876	1,858,511		17,540,719
2008/09	10,589,470		293,537	5,338,226	986,862		17,208,095

Source: Central Coast Water Authority

Total Expenditures Comparison



⁽¹⁾ Beginning with fiscal year 2004/05, Operating Expenses include yearend credits for unexpended operating reimbursements, and interest credits paid to project participants are shown on a separate line.



TABLE 3

Change in Net Assets and Net Asset Components
Last Four Fiscal Years

	Ju	me 30, 2006	June 30, 2007	Ju	me 30, 2008	Ju	me 30, 2009
Net assets, at beginning of year	\$	13,925,539	\$ 14,428,865	\$	15,213,921	\$	17,436,275
Operating revenues		16,416,803	16,948,321		17,587,809		18,512,443
Operating Expenses							
Operating expenses		4,829,547	5,502,664		5,273,497		6,387,774
Depreciation and amortization		3,752,017	3,438,918		3,253,470		3,229,412
Unexpended operating reimbursements		750,250	891,394		1,100,689		972,284
Total operating expenses		9,331,814	9,832,976		9,627,656		10,589,470
Operating Income		7,084,989	7,115,345		7,960,153		7,922,973
Non-operating revenues							
Interest income and miscellaneous		2,268,789	2,392,965		1,868,499		1,012,428
Non-Operating Expenses							
Interest expense		7,336,413	6,223,707		5,582,876		5,338,226
Interest income paid to							
project participants		1,514,040	2,171,209		1,858,511		986,862
Other expenses			-		164,911		105,401
Total non-operating expenses		8,850,453	8,394,916		7,606,298		6,430,489
Increase in Net assets		503,325	1,113,394		2,222,354		2,504,912
Refund of capital contributions		_	328,338		_		_
Net assets, at end of year		14,428,865	15,213,921		17,436,275		19,941,187
The assets, at one of your		11,120,000	10,210,21		17,130,275		15,5 11,107
Net assets invested in capital assets,							
net of related debt		11,994,874	13,141,528		15,393,071		17,817,946
Restricted - capital projects		981,910	20,304		282		-
Restricted - debt service		11,564,435	11,617,204		11,597,222		11,589,832
Unrestricted		(10,112,355)	(9,565,116)		(9,554,301)		(9,466,591)
Total Net Assets	\$	14,428,864	\$ 15,213,920	\$	17,436,274	\$	19,941,187



TABLE 4

Deposits for Payments to the Department of Water Resources

		FY 2008/09 Project Participant	Payments to Department of	Ending
Project	Balance	Payments	Water Resources	Balance
<u>Participant</u>	July 1, 2008	and DWR Credits	and Other Adjustments	June 30, 2009
City of Guadalupe	\$ 467,306	\$ 446,927	\$ (463,698)	\$ 450,536
City of Santa Maria	13,794,210	13,889,782	(14,093,292)	13,590,701
Golden State Water Co.	441,572	414,501	(437,287)	418,785
Vandenberg Air Force Base	5,053,665	4,842,240	(4,954,294)	4,941,611
City of Buellton	527,390	536,252	(552,970)	510,672
Santa Ynez ID#1 (Solvang only)	1,336,167	1,377,528	(1,414,053)	1,299,643
Santa Ynez ID#1 (excluding Solvang)	498,333	469,714	(488,991)	479,056
Goleta Water District	4,246,728	4,524,950	(4,430,805)	4,340,872
Morehart Land Co.	188,151	175,670	(175,182)	188,639
La Cumbre Mutual Water Co.	915,168	913,417	(987,012)	841,573
Raytheon Systems Company	47,327	44,772	(46,898)	45,201
City of Santa Barbara	2,687,186	2,593,746	(2,696,813)	2,584,119
Montecito Water District	2,825,708	2,856,010	(2,928,985)	2,752,733
Carpinteria Valley Water District	1,784,456	1,743,995	(1,810,466)	1,717,985
TOTAL:	\$ 34,813,368	\$ 34,829,505	\$ (35,480,747)	\$ 34,162,126

This table shows the project participant payments to the Authority for payment to DWR and the corresponding ending balance at June 30, 2009.

The amounts shown above exclude Warren Act and Trust Fund MOU deposits payable to the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation and

Cachuma Operations and Maintenance Board and DWR account interest income payable to the CCWA project participants as of June 30, 2009.



TABLE 5
FY 2008/09 Allocation of CCWA Operating Expenses

Project Participant	FY 2008/09 Unadjusted Operating Expenses (1)	Exchange Agreement Modifications (2)	Regional Water Treatment Plant Modifications (3)	FY 2008/09 Allocated Operating Expenses
Shandon (SLO County)	\$ 6,674	N/A	N/A	\$ 6,674
Chorro Valley Turnout (SLO County)	274,245	N/A	N/A	274,245
Lopez Turnout (SLO County)	235,525	N/A	N/A	235,525
City of Guadalupe	75,448	N/A	\$ 23,695	99,143
City of Santa Maria	2,213,451	N/A	708,336	2,921,787
Golden State Water Co.	68,694	N/A	22,084	90,778
Vandenberg Air Force Base	731,742	N/A	222,257	954,000
City of Buellton	101,134	N/A	26,747	127,881
City of Solvang	259,988	N/A	70,104	330,092
Santa Ynez Imp. District #1	119,383	268,017	125,947	513,348
Goleta Water District	869,533	(96,450)	(370,560)	402,523
Morehart Land Co.	33,189	N/A	(18,131)	15,058
La Cumbre Mutual Water Co.	269,695	N/A	(124,150)	145,544
Raytheon Systems Company	10,005	N/A	(5,080)	4,924
City of Santa Barbara	516,791	(64,128)	(227,003)	225,661
Montecito Water District	743,000	(64,128)	(299,929)	378,943
Carpinteria Valley Water District	362,769	(43,312)	(154,315)	165,142
TOTAL:	\$ 6,891,269	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 6,891,269

FY 2008/09 unadjusted operating expenses is equal to total operating expenses minus depreciation and amortization, interest
income on the general operating fund for CCWA, miscellaneous and non-annual recurring expense income, plus capital expenditures
paid from operating assessments.

^{2.} Exchange agreement modifications represent cost adjustments between the Santa Ynez River Water Conservation District, ID#1 and the South Coast project participants for Cachuma Project water.

^{3.} Regional Water Treatment Plant modifications represents fixed, capital and variable modifications pursuant to CCWA Resolutions 92-16 and 95-13.



TABLE 6

Ratio of Annual Debt Service
For Total Bonded Debt to Total Expenditures

						Ratio of Debt
						Service to
				Total Debt	Total	Total
Fiscal Year	Bond Issue	Principal	Interest (1)	Service	Expenditures	Expenditures
1999/00	96 Bonds	\$2,775,000	\$ 8,447,925	\$ 11,222,925	\$ 16,026,595	68.46%
2000/01	96 Bonds	3,010,000	8,329,216	11,339,216	16,394,403	66.95%
2001/02	96 Bonds	3,270,000	8,194,474	11,464,474	16,936,684	67.77%
2002/03	96 Bonds	3,535,000	8,043,405	11,578,405	16,916,162	70.24%
2003/04	96 Bonds	3,830,000	7,875,778	11,705,778	16,760,608	69.84%
2004/05	96 Bonds	4,135,000	7,663,638	11,798,638	16,129,417	73.15%
2005/06	96 Bonds	4,515,000	7,404,138	11,919,138	18,682,510	63.80%
2006/07	96 & 06 Bonds	4,915,000	6,600,947	11,515,947	18,682,510	61.64%
2007/08	2006 Bonds	5,895,000	5,641,826	11,536,826	17,540,719	65.77%
2008/09	2006 Bonds	6,190,000	5,400,126	11,590,126	17,208,095	67.35%

 $^{(1) \ \} Represents \ actual \ cash \ payment \ without \ regard \ to \ payments \ from \ the \ capitalized \ interest \ fund.$

Source: Central Coast Water Authority

Ratio of Debt Service to Total Expenditures

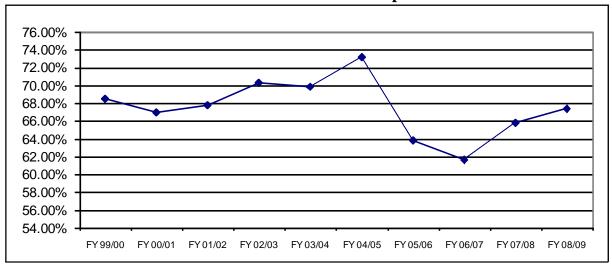




TABLE 7 Selected Demographic Information

Santa Barbara County

Santa Barbara County is located on the Pacific coast of the southern portion of the U.S. state of California, just west of Ventura County. The estimated total population of the County as of January 2006 was 421,625 according to the California Department of Finance. The county seat is Santa Barbara and the largest city is Santa Maria.

For thousands of years, the area was home to the Chumash tribe of Native Americans, complex hunter-gathers who lived along the coast and in interior valleys leaving rock art in many locations including Painted Cave. European contact had devastating effects on the Chumash Indians, including a series of disease epidemics that drastically reduced Chumash population. The Chumash survived, however, and thousands of Chumash descendants still live in the Santa Barbara area or surrounding counties.

The County has a total area of 3,789 square miles and four of the Channel Islands – San Miguel Island, Anacapa Island, Santa Cruz Island and Santa Rosa Island – are in Santa Barbara County. They form the largest part of the Channel Islands National Park.

Santa Barbara County has a mountainous interior abutting a coastal plains area. The largest concentration of people is on this coastal plain, referred to as the south coast – the part of the county south of the Santa Ynez Mountains – which includes the cities of Santa Barbara, Goleta and Carpinteria, as well as the unincorporated areas of Hope Ranch, Mission Canyon, Montecito and Isla Vista. North of the mountains are the towns of Santa Ynez, Solvang, Buellton, Lompoc; the unincorporated towns of Los Olivos and Ballard; the unincorporated areas of Mission Hills and Vandenberg Village; and Vandenberg Air Force Base, where the Santa Ynez River flows out to the sea. North of the Santa Ynez Valley are the cities of Santa Maria and Guadalupe.

Viticulture in Santa Barbara County is traceable to missionary plantings in the Milpas Valley late in the 18th century. Since commercial viticulture rebounded in the 1960's, Santa Barbara County has been on the fast track to viticultural stardom.

Famous for ripe, yet elegant, Chardonnay and Pinot Noir, the County is also gaining a reputation for Rhone varietals including Syrah and Viognier. Santa Barbara wine grapes now command among the highest prices anywhere in the State.

Located on California's South Central Coast, the county is an oasis of rolling hills, ancient oak trees and cattle ranches. The County now claims more than 60 wineries and 21,000 acres of vine.

Source: Wikipedia



TABLE 8 Miscellaneous Statistical Information

Form of government	Joint Powers Authority
Date of organization	August 1, 1991
Number of full-time equivalent positions	28.25
Polonio Pass Water Treatment Plant	
design capacity	43 million gallons per day
Authority pipeline (in miles)	42.5
Coastal Branch pipeline (in miles)	100.6
Number of water storage tanks	5
Number of turnouts	10

Agency	Table A Amount (AFY)
City of Buellton	578
Carpinteria Valley Water District	2,000
Goleta Water District	4,500
City of Guadalupe	550
La Cumbre Mutual Water Co.	1,000
Montecito Water District	3,000
Morehart Land Co.	200
City of Santa Barbara	3,000
Raytheon Systems Company	50
City of Santa Maria	16,200
Santa Ynez River W.C.D. #1	2,000
Southern California Water Co.	500
Vandenberg Air Force Base	5,500
Total Santa Barbara County *	39,078
Avila Beach C.S.D	100
Avila Valley Mutual Water Co., Inc.	20
California Mens Colony (State)	400
County of SLO C.S.A. No. 16 I.D. #1	100
County of SLO (Op. Center & Reg. Park)	425
City of Morro Bay	1,313
Oceano CSD	750
City of Pismo Beach	1,240
San Luis Coastal Unified School District	7
San Miguelito Mutual Water Co.	275
SLO Co. Comm. Coll. District (Cuesta College)	200
Total San Luis Obispo County	4,830
TOTAL TABLE A AMOUNT	43,908

Note: * Excludes CCWA drought buffer of Table A amount of 3,908 AfY and Goleta Water District additional Table A amount of 2,500 AfY.



TABLE 9
Santa Barbara County Largest Employers

			Number of
Company	Location	Type of Business	Employees
University of California at Santa Barbara	Goleta	Education	9,626
Vandenberg Air Force Base (VAFB)	Lompoc	Defense	4,782
County of Santa Barbara	Santa Barbara	Government	4,088
Santa Barbara Cottage Hospital	Santa Barbara	Healthcare	2,529
Santa Barbara City College	Santa Barbara	Education	2,211
Raytheon Electronic Systems	Goleta	Electronics Mfg.	1,950
Santa Barbara School District Admin.	Santa Barbara	Education	1,810
Santa Maria-Bonia School District	Santa Maria	Education	1,615
Chumash Casino	Solvang	Arts/Entertainment	1,530
City of Santa Barbara	Santa Barbara	Government	1,520
Lompoc Unified School District	Lompoc	Education	1,498
Marian Medical Center	Santa Maria	Healthcare	1,300
Alan Hancock College	Santa Maria	Education	1,200
Sansum Santa Barbara Medical Foundation	Santa Barbara	Healthcare	1,100
Lockheed Martin Corporation	Santa Barbara	Defense	967

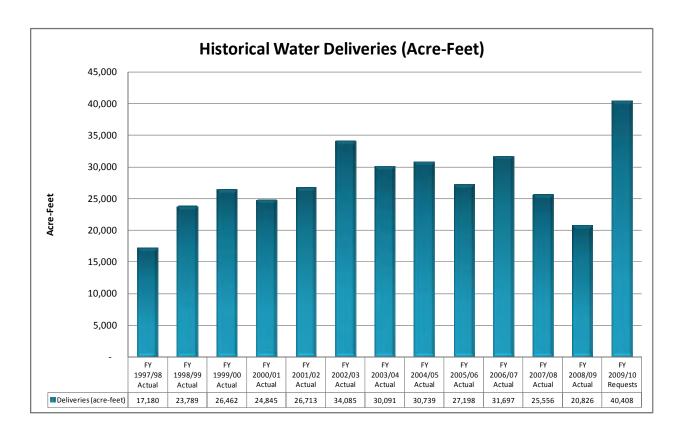
Source: University of Santa Barbara Economic Forecast Project



TABLE 10

FY 2008/09 Actual State Water Deliveries (acre feet)

		Exchange	
	Table A	Agreement	Total
Project Participant	Deliveries	Deliveries	Deliveries
Lopez Turnout (SLO County)	1,077	N/A	1,077
Chorro Valley Turnout (SLO County)	2,172	N/A	2,172
City of Guadalupe	221	N/A	221
City of Santa Maria	7,451	N/A	7,451
Golden State Water Company	250	N/A	250
Vandenberg Air Force Base	883	N/A	883
City of Buellton	399	N/A	399
Santa Ynez ID #1 (City of Solvang)	1,098	N/A	1,098
Santa Ynez ID #1	325	2,073	2,398
Goleta Water District	1,795	(746)	1,049
Morehart Land Company	-	N/A	-
La Cumbre Mutual Water Company	1,162	-	1,162
Raytheon Systems Company	19	N/A	19
City of Santa Barbara	496	(496)	-
Montecito Water District	3,026	(496)	2,530
Carpinteria Valley Water District	452	(335)	117_
TOTAL:	20,826	-	20,826



Statistical Section

TABLE 11

Schedule of Insurance Valued June 30, 2009

Company	Policy Period	Insurance <u>Type</u>	Limits	Coverages
Travelers Casualty and	4-1-09 to	<u>Type</u> Excess	Limits	Dishonesty and forgery coverage \$1,000,000
Surety Company	4-1-10	Crime Coverage	\$ 2,000,000	Computer fraud \$1,000,000
ACWA Joint Powers Insurance Authority	4-1-09 to 4-1-10	Property Insurance	\$ 60,161,107	Buildings (\$25,910,589); Personal property (\$1,248,200); Fixed Equipment (\$33,002,318)
ACWA Joint Powers Insurance Authority	10-1-08 to 10-1-09	General and Auto Liability	\$ 1,000,000	Liability JPIA pooled layer
Insurance Co. of the State of Pennsylvania #7251880	10-1-08 to 10-1-09	General and Auto Liability	\$ 19,000,000	Liability umbrella policy
Lexington Insurance #1003580	10-1-08 to 10-1-09	General and Auto Liability	\$ 20,000,000	Liability umbrella policy
Everest National Ins #71P7000038081	10-1-08 to 10-1-09	General and Auto Liability	\$ 10,000,000	Liability umbrella policy
Allied World National Assurance Company #ST00721001	10-1-08 to 10-1-09	General and Auto Liability	\$ 10,000,000	Liability umbrella policy



TABLE 12
Full-time Equivalent Employees by Position

	Number Authorized	Number Authorized	Number Authorized	Change Over	Change Over
Position Title	FY 2006/07	FY 2007/08	FY 2008/09	FY 2006/07	FY 2007/08
Executive Director	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	-
Deputy Director	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	-
Chief Engineer	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	-
Regulatory Specialist	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	-
Senior Accountant	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	-
Secretary II	2.50	2.50	2.50	-	-
WTP Supervisor	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	-
Distribution Supervisor	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	-
Maintenance Superintendent	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	-
Maintenance Foreman	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	-
Senior Chemist	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	-
Laboratory Analyst	0.75	0.75	0.75	-	-
IT/Instrumentation & Control Specialist	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	-
Engineering Technician	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	-
Maintenance Technician	2.00	2.00	2.00	-	-
Maintenance/IC&R Technician	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	-
WTP Operator	5.00	5.00	5.00	-	-
Distribution Technician	5.00	5.00	5.00	=	<u> </u>
TOTAL:	28.25	28.25	28.25	-	-

Statistical Section City of Pismo Beach (SLO County)

Historic Water Connections and Sales Revenues

			Water
Fiscal Year		Sales	Deliveries
Ending June 30	Connections	Revenues	(acre-feet per year)
1999	4,429	\$ 1,118,375	1,959
2000	4,410	1,632,551	2,078
2001	4,158	1,710,063	1,983
2002	4,233	1,751,585	2,219
2003	4,234	1,772,352	2,001
2004	4,365	1,872,673	1,962
2005	4,405	1,888,635	1,953
2006	4,443	1,994,992	1,924
2007	4,472	2,124,500	2,003
2008	4,713	2,619,579	2,269

Largest Customers as of June 30, 2008

	Water	Annual
	Usage (1)	Payment
Pismo Mobile Home Park	15,424	\$ 34,146
Cliffs Shell Beach	13,909	26,016
Sunset Palisades HOA	10,025	20,004
Oxford Suites Resort	8,194	17,343
Pismo Lighthouse Suites	7,745	16,511
Shorecliff Lodge	8,619	16,468
Lucia Mar Unified School District-507	7,050	15,201
Motel 6	7,514	15,189
Hacienda Del Pismo	5,953	13,470
Lucia Mar Unified School District-3929	6,106	12,604
Total	90,539	\$ 186,952

⁽¹⁾ In hundred cubic feet.

State Water Payment Coverage Calculations

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Total Revenues	Operating Expenses	Net Revenues		State Water Payments	Parity Debt	Coverage
1999	\$ 2,950,803	\$ 1,074,072	9	\$ 1,876,731	\$ 1,029,404	-	1.82
2000	3,503,712	1,248,715		2,254,997	1,144,263	-	1.97
2001	3,086,559	1,265,673		1,820,886	1,110,301	-	1.64
2002	3,304,001	1,179,819		2,124,182	1,197,934	-	1.77
2003	3,259,930	1,248,739		2,011,191	1,287,062	-	1.56
2004	2,854,004	1,523,338		1,330,666	1,198,295	-	1.11
2005	3,051,700	1,561,213		1,490,487	1,251,600	-	1.19
2006	3,485,014	1,732,240		1,752,774	1,204,253	-	1.46
2007	3,858,063	1,923,694		1,934,369	939,309	-	2.06
2008	4,213,435	2,200,406		2,013,029	1,188,969	-	1.69

Source: City of Pismo Beach

Statistical Section City of Morro Bay (SLO County)

Historic Water Connections and Sales Revenues

			Water
Fiscal Year		Sales	Deliveries
Ending June 30	Connections	Revenues	(acre-feet per year)
1999	5,010	\$ 3,585,083	1,363
2000	5,118	3,641,293	1,397
2001	5,198	3,785,189	1,238
2002	5,251	3,857,137	1,253
2003	5,254	3,802,287	1,349
2004	5,383	3,852,954	1,205
2005	5,399	3,436,322	976
2006	5,473	3,884,085	1,009
2007	5,489	3,911,610	1,275
2008	5,531	3,610,462	1,187

Largest Customers as of June 30, 2008

	Water	Annual
	Usage (1)	Payment
City of Morro Bay	2,606,100	\$ 222,230
Pacific Care Center	981,200	197,675
Mission Linen	858,000	95,418
Inn at Morro Bay	804,900	89,452
Blue Heron Terrace	287,900	46,039
Department of Parks & Rec.	495,900	42,086
San Luis Coastal Unified School District	387,700	38,056
Morro Elementary	421,800	37,615
Morro Dunes Trailer Park	420,100	36,708
Blue Sale Inn	222,000	34,053
Total	7,485,600	\$ 839,332

⁽¹⁾ In cubic feet.

State Water Payment Coverage Calculations

Fiscal Year	Total	(Operating N		Net	State Water	Parity	
Ending June 30	Revenues]	Expenses		Revenues	Payments	Debt	Coverage
1999	\$ 3,556,769	\$	522,037	\$	3,034,732	\$ 1,527,252	\$ -	1.99
2000	3,726,625		573,398		3,153,227	1,745,066	-	1.80
2001	3,867,608		535,004		3,332,604	1,662,862	-	2.00
2002	3,857,137		495,459		3,361,678	1,739,275	-	1.93
2003	4,165,957		637,036		3,528,921	1,844,889	-	1.91
2004	3,947,340		938,793		3,008,547	1,815,661	-	1.66
2005	3,531,000		1,047,262		2,483,738	1,888,003	-	1.32
2006	3,884,085		1,150,536		2,733,549	1,854,271	-	1.47
2007	3,896,420		1,203,618		2,692,802	1,783,837	-	1.51
2008	3,762,674		1,185,688		2,576,986	1,886,622	-	1.37

Source: City of Morro Bay



Statistical Section City of Guadalupe

Historic Water Connections and Sales Revenues

			Water
Fiscal Year	Municipal	Sales	Deliveries
Ending June 30	Connections	Revenues	(acre-feet per year)
1999	1,579	\$ 846,539	714
2000	1,592	870,771	711
2001	1,638	921,050	735
2002	1,714	889,048	741
2003	1,804	980,076	764
2004	1,912	1,011,608	811
2005	1,857	1,001,571	605
2006	1,907	1,003,346	719
2007	1,920	1,052,861	1,062
2008	1,916	1,198,705	920

Largest Customers as of June 30, 2008

	Water	Annual
	Usage (1)	Payment
Apio Coller	90,975	\$ 295,664
Guadalupe Union School District	5,314	17,271
Pan American Seed	3,437	11,170
Guadalupe Laundromat	3,051	9,916
Guadalupe Cemetery	1,985	6,451
Far Western Tavern	1,884	6,123
P&M Properties	1,846	6,000
Barragan Apts	1,729	5,619
Obispo Cooling	1,641	3,383
Byrd Produce	538	1,749
Total	112,400	\$ 363,346

⁽¹⁾ In hundred cubic feet.

State Water Payment Coverage Calculations

Fiscal Year	Total	(Operating	R	Rate Coverage		Net	Sta	ate Water	
Ending June 30	Revenues		Expenses F		Fund Deposit		Revenues		ayments	Coverage
1999	\$ 883,908	\$	131,634	\$	18,916	\$	771,190	\$	454,395	1.70
2000	957,764		157,355		154,212		954,621		597,949	1.60
2001	1,081,498		209,025		154,212		1,026,685		597,890	1.72
2002	1,257,016		365,254		154,212		1,045,974		549,327	1.90
2003	1,089,354		372,200		155,315		872,469		685,609	1.27
2004	1,901,527		328,840		154,756		1,727,443		669,041	2.58
2005	1,179,481		281,965		154,756		1,052,272		611,570	1.72
2006	1,062,928		319,283		172,643		916,288		690,570	1.33
2007	1,222,669		489,461		168,777		901,985		675,108	1.34
2008	1,327,490		658,667		157,483		826,306		667,157	1.24

Source: City of Guadalupe



Statistical Section City of Santa Maria

Historic Water Connections and Sales Revenues

			Water
Fiscal Year	Water	Sales	Deliveries
Ending June 30	Connections	Revenues	(acre-feet per year)
1999	16,586	\$ 12,518,274	12,807
2000	16,798	13,430,453	11,992
2001	17,189	14,985,470	12,216
2002	17,735	16,350,234	12,990
2003	18,301	17,569,216	12,647
2004	19,170	19,392,893	13,267
2005	19,596	20,479,665	11,375
2006	20,588	20,901,096	13,026
2007	20,762	23,490,792	14,219
2008	20,830	24,605,620	14,047

Largest Customers as of June 30, 2008

	Water	Annual
	Usage (1)	Payment
City of Santa Maria	315,922	\$ 1,294,987
Santa Maria Elementary Schools	115,636	470,218
Allan Hancock College	65,528	256,958
SP Village Green, LLC	62,755	237,584
Marian Hospital	37,744	172,647
Casa Grande Mobile Homes	57,653	162,216
S.B. County Housing Authority	37,859	157,807
Santa Maria Joint Union High School	29,474	123,637
Mission Linen Supply	26,967	102,536
Casa Del Rio Mobile Estates	27,408	78,719
Total	776,946	\$ 3,057,309

⁽¹⁾ In hundred cubic feet.

State Water Payment Coverage Calculations

					Rate			
Fiscal Year	Total	(Operating	(Coverage	Net	State Water	
Ending June 30	Revenues (1)		Expenses		Fund	Revenues	Payments	Coverage
1999	\$ 19,926,823	\$	5,345,513	\$	3,250,757	\$ 17,832,067	\$10,890,688	1.64
2000	20,629,192		5,177,387		3,173,781	18,625,586	10,228,806	1.82
2001	22,413,302		5,150,615		3,573,420	20,836,107	12,940,418	1.61
2002	22,508,856		5,395,197		3,656,826	20,770,485	10,081,569	2.06
2003	25,344,832		7,952,493		3,666,401	21,058,740	13,749,295	1.53
2004	26,977,067		7,118,174		4,002,906	23,861,799	13,858,267	1.72
2005	29,016,811		7,651,981		4,002,906	25,367,736	13,962,911	1.82
2006	28,810,320		6,264,092		4,034,968	26,581,196	15,658,361	1.70
2007	33,218,519		8,428,868		3,752,454	28,542,105	15,009,816	1.90
2008	33,047,470		8,975,078		4,169,232	28,241,624	15,138,443	1.87

⁽¹⁾ Includes wastewater fees and charges.

Source: City of Santa Maria

Statistical Section City of Buellton

Historic Water Connections and Sales Revenues

			Water
Fiscal Year		Sales	Deliveries
Ending June 30	Connections	Revenues	(acre-feet per year)
1999	1,051	\$ 1,040,487	860
2000	1,082	1,111,867	940
2001	1,251	1,134,691	984
2002	1,314	1,144,605	1,068
2003	1,424	1,233,563	1,111
2004	1,491	1,365,416	1,257
2005	1,472	1,300,677	1,115
2006	1,498	1,334,328	1,205
2007	1,540	1,462,049	1,343
2008	1,549	1,474,151	1,295

Largest Customers as of June 30, 2008

	Water	Annual
	Usage (1)	Payment
Professional Investment Planning	23,187 \$	66,404
Buellton Union School District	21,448	44,175
FPA Flying Flags Assoc. L.P.	15,681	32,159
Santa Ynez Valley Marriott	14,903	30,626
Rivergrove Mobile Home Park	9,419	26,202
Rancho de Maria	7,084	15,950
The Inn Group DBA	5,698	12,070
The Laurel Company	4,979	10,959
Days Inn	4,777	10,678
Buellton Shell	4,819	9,799
Total	111,995 \$	259,022

⁽¹⁾ In hundred cubic feet.

State Water Payment Coverage Calculations

Fiscal Year Total		C	Operating Rate Coverage			Net		State Water			
Ending June 30		Revenues Expenses		Expenses	Fund Deposit			Revenues		ayments	Coverage
1999	\$	1,185,623	\$	330,644	\$	19,879	\$	874,858	\$	606,157	1.44
2000		1,368,614		280,526		202,837		1,290,925		788,201	1.64
2001		1,669,930		298,585		214,262		1,585,607		809,805	1.96
2002		1,648,494		386,855		227,940		1,489,579		792,378	1.88
2003		1,636,470		383,962		239,150		1,491,658		909,639	1.64
2004		1,821,513		418,725		238,324		1,641,112		895,101	1.83
2005		1,418,037		390,028		238,324		1,266,333		940,465	1.35
2006		1,540,833		521,597		241,639		1,260,875		932,461	1.35
2007		1,876,713		521,113		219,910		1,575,510		879,640	1.79
2008		2,041,664		455,528		242,535		1,828,671		933,400	1.96

Source: City of Buellton



Statistical Section Santa Ynez River Water Conservation District, ID #1 (City of Solvang only)

Historic Water Connections and Sales Revenues

			Water
Fiscal Year		Sales	Deliveries
Ending June 30	Connections	Revenues	(acre-feet per year)
1999	1,887	\$ 1,857,632	1,558
2000	2,005	2,105,851	1,524
2001	1,890	2,616,048	1,549
2002	1,893	3,108,477	1,594
2003	1,901	2,929,186	1,518
2004	1,903	3,286,624	1,506
2005	1,907	3,229,500	1,589
2006	1,903	3,543,426	1,321
2007	1,939	4,023,837	1,512
2008	1,964	4,180,995	1,512

Largest Customers as of June 30, 2008

	Water	Annual
	Usage (1)	Payment
Rancho Santa Ynez Mobile Estate	33,109	\$ 100,982
Solvang Mesa, LLC	22,833	69,640
Alisal Guest Ranch	15,456	47,141
City of Solvang	14,502	44,231
Mission Oaks	10,050	30,652
Solvang School	8,023	24,470
Worldmark Resort	6,774	19,748
Solvang Lutheran Home	6,137	18,717
Chumash Resort	6,087	18,565
Mission Ready Mix	5,561	16,961
Total	128,532	\$ 391,107

⁽¹⁾ In hundred cubic feet.

State Water Payment Coverage Calculations

Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year Total		(Operating Rate Coverage			Net	State Water	
Ending June 30		Revenues		Expenses	Fı	und Deposit	Revenues	Payments	Coverage
1999	\$	1,921,077	\$	583,976	\$	456,044	\$ 1,793,145	\$ 1,597,628	1.12
2000		2,241,697		842,919		456,044	1,854,822	1,836,214	1.01
2001		2,721,479		730,837		480,244	2,470,886	1,933,392	1.28
2002		3,199,145		992,031		511,478	2,718,592	1,844,616	1.47
2003		2,976,966		778,728		536,633	2,734,871	2,040,658	1.34
2004		3,293,660		854,671		534,808	2,973,797	2,064,965	1.44
2005		3,288,331		795,547		534,808	3,027,592	2,002,319	1.51
2006		3,628,170		1,191,775		547,407	2,983,802	2,189,627	1.36
2007		4,146,380		1,051,531		540,980	3,635,829	2,355,170	1.54
2008		4,340,564		1,247,155		569,041	3,662,450	2,446,021	1.50

Source: City of Solvang



Statistical Section Santa Ynez River Water Conservation District, ID #1

Historic Water Connections and Sales Revenues

			Water
Fiscal Year		Sales	Deliveries
Ending June 30	Connections	Revenues	(acre-feet per year)
1999	2,266	\$ 2,468,151	4,963
2000	2,262	2,944,843	5,650
2001	2,238	3,092,440	5,573
2002	2,260	3,505,160	5,859
2003	2,351	3,373,470	4,968
2004	2,363	3,816,702	6,012
2005	2,422	3,518,032	4,637
2006	2,442	3,848,782	4,800
2007	2,444	4,607,704	5,223
2008	2,567	4,883,168	5,926

Largest Customers as of June 30, 2008

_	Water	Annual
	Usage (1)	Payment
Chumash Casino	98	\$ 109,559
Cachuma Sanitation	78	74,709
Michael Fitzgerald	151	30,095
Santa Ynez Valley Farming/Steve Jacobson	92	21,326
Gainey Ranch	96	20,081
Elizabeth Williams	84	15,738
Doug Herthel #1	82	15,530
Doug Herthel #2	77	13,977
Don Smith	72	12,240
Rebecca Shields	76	11,572
Total	906	\$ 324,827

⁽¹⁾ In acre-feet per year.

State Water Payment Coverage Calculations

Fiscal Year Total		Operating	Operating Rate Coverage		State Water	
Ending June 30 (1)	Revenues	Expenses	Fund Deposit	Revenues	Payments	Coverage
1998 \$	7,454,547	\$ 1,993,633	\$ 246,045	\$ 5,706,9	59 \$ 2,669,473	2.14
1999	5,680,162	1,936,833	770,601	4,513,9	30 2,351,446	1.92
2000	7,808,188	2,092,409	783,813	6,499,59	92 2,688,507	2.41
2001	7,021,956	2,490,288	826,350	5,358,0	18 2,888,552	1.85
2002	6,845,936	2,339,610	880,195	5,386,5	21 2,912,443	1.85
2003	6,629,264	2,558,215	923,484	4,994,5	3,148,476	1.59
2004	7,004,003	3,000,250	920,343	4,924,0	96 3,179,539	1.55
2005	6,915,751	2,786,325	920,343	5,049,7	59 3,119,539	1.62
2006	7,302,870	2,978,983	933,145	5,257,0	3,584,153	1.47
2007	8,108,093	3,393,751	924,751	5,639,09	3,699,006	1.52
2008	8,680,455	3,663,543	961,388	5,978,30	3,869,047	1.55

⁽¹⁾ Includes State water payments for the City of Solvang.

Source: Santa Ynez Improvement District #1

⁽²⁾ Exclusive of Solvang's payments for State Water Project.



Statistical Section Goleta Water District

Historic Water Connections and Sales Revenues

			Water
Fiscal Year		Sales	Deliveries
Ending June 30	Connections	Revenues	(acre-feet per year)
1999	14,827	\$ 14,065,684	12,641
2000	15,136	14,919,815	12,665
2001	15,621	14,263,374	12,727
2002	15,717	15,173,245	13,223
2003	15,999	14,941,700	12,786
2004	16,249	16,146,551	14,083
2005	16,039	14,922,566	12,619
2006	16,202	15,425,971	12,077
2007	16,459	18,582,563	14,406
2008	16,466	22,697,939	14,387

Largest Customers as of June 30, 2008

	Water	Annual
	Usage (1)	Payment
UCSB	908 \$	1,439,679
County of Santa Barbara	253	490,260
City of Santa Barbara	161	361,166
Glen Anie Golf Club, LLC	345	357,911
Santa Barbara U.S.D.	129	257,301
Goleta Union School District	206	233,269
Bacara Resort Services, Inc.	90	229,469
Cavaletto Ranches, LLC	416	191,734
Sandpiper Golf Course	283	188,188
Michael Towbes	92	183,385
Total	2,883 \$	3,932,362

⁽¹⁾ In acre-feet per year.

State Water Payment Coverage Calculations

Fiscal Year	Total	(Operating	Rat	te Coverage	Net	State Water	
Ending June 30	Revenues		Expenses	Fu	nd Deposit	Revenues	Payments	Coverage
1999	\$ 17,674,354	\$	7,507,895	\$	1,537,496	\$ 11,703,955	\$ 3,631,870	3.22
2000	19,926,953		8,221,986		-	11,704,967	6,360,512	1.84
2001	18,163,714		9,226,642		-	8,937,072	6,140,949	1.46
2002	19,127,924		9,076,023		-	10,051,901	6,363,680	1.58
2003	20,942,599		9,757,739		-	11,184,860	7,159,868	1.56
2004	22,648,173		11,824,796		-	10,823,377	7,355,604	1.47
2005	20,566,002		10,831,320		-	9,734,682	6,677,042	1.46
2006	23,328,943		11,632,904		-	11,696,039	6,724,499	1.74
2007	25,425,947		11,734,133		-	13,691,814	6,791,250	2.02
2008	29,703,651		14,095,042		-	15,608,609	6,711,214	2.33

Source: Goleta Water District

Statistical Section La Cumbre Mutual Water Company

Historic Water Connections and Sales Revenues

			Water
		Sales	Deliveries
Connections		Revenues	(acre-feet per year)
1,415	\$	1,370,862	1,337
1,421		1,637,358	1,541
1,424		1,652,635	1,546
1,429		1,461,097	1,399
1,436		2,081,946	1,891
1,437		1,918,454	1,724
1,449		2,146,100	1,923
1,464		1,869,863	1,692
1,468		1,902,450	1,698
1,470		2,267,771	2,059
	1,415 1,421 1,424 1,429 1,436 1,437 1,449 1,464	1,415 \$ 1,421 1,424 1,429 1,436 1,437 1,449 1,464 1,468	Connections Revenues 1,415 \$ 1,370,862 1,421 1,637,358 1,424 1,652,635 1,429 1,461,097 1,436 2,081,946 1,437 1,918,454 1,449 2,146,100 1,464 1,869,863 1,468 1,902,450

Largest Customers as of December 31, 2007

	Water	Annual
	Usage (1)	Payment
La Cumbre Golf & County Club	108,709 \$	269,888
Marsupial Properties	17,902	57,976
Timothy Pasquinelli	9,883	38,171
Laguna Blanca School	8,151	27,549
Carriage Hill Association	4,420	21,511
Stephen Redding	6,216	19,222
Stanford Farms	4,833	19,168
Elk Trust	4,507	17,270
William Foley	5,267	15,591
Oak Mer Farms	3,499	14,320
Total	173,387 \$	500,666

⁽¹⁾ In hundred cubic feet.

State Water Payment Coverage Calculations

Fiscal Year Ending Dec. 31	Total Revenues	Operating Expenses	ate Coverage Fund Deposit	Net Revenues	State Water Payments	Coverage
1998	\$ 2,037,867	\$ 601,926	\$ 308,434	\$ 1,744,375	\$ 1,639,076	1.06
1999	2,457,960	701,705	325,688	2,081,943	635,697	3.27
2000	2,526,109	709,568	354,510	2,171,051	1,276,799	1.69
2001	2,276,469	671,417	343,866	1,948,918	1,417,985	1.37
2002	2,879,539	909,109	346,327	2,316,757	1,370,014	1.69
2003	2,668,781	862,951	345,084	2,150,914	1,485,915	1.45
2004	2,904,071	985,101	345,084	2,264,054	1,571,521	1.44
2005	2,662,982	1,086,734	353,407	1,929,655	1,430,960	1.35
2006	2,854,771	1,201,326	353,407	2,006,852	1,558,596	1.29
2007	3,320,207	1,342,427	358,263	2,336,043	1,574,079	1.48

 $Source:\ La\ Cumbre\ Mutual\ Water\ Co.$



Statistical Section City of Santa Barbara

Historic Water Connections and Sales Revenues

			Water
Fiscal Year	Water	Sales	Deliveries
Ending June 30	Connections	Revenues	(acre-feet per year)
1999	25,169	\$ 19,742,981	13,961
2000	25,233	21,196,803	14,881
2001	25,267	21,298,011	14,618
2002	25,388	21,121,848	14,575
2003	25,527	20,822,544	12,779
2004	25,653	23,127,138	13,568
2005	25,809	24,447,594	12,724
2006	25,821	24,765,305	13,290
2007	25,918	27,588,409	14,753
2008	26,009	29,448,078	14,926

Largest Customers as of June 30, 2008

	Water	Annual
	Usage (1)	Payment
City of Santa Barbara	119,133	\$ 299,295
Santa Barbara Cottage Hospital	41,517	200,998
Fess Parkers Double Tree Inn	26,959	132,867
Montecito Country Club	72,645	128,742
S.B. Zoological Foundation	14,640	79,233
Mission Linen Supply	13,064	62,211
S.B. City Schools	9,817	52,642
Regency Centers, LP	9,280	50,129
Samarkand, Inc.	10,064	49,243
Wash & Fun	8,994	43,164
Total	326,113	\$ 1,098,524

⁽¹⁾ In hundred cubic feet.

State Water Payment Coverage Calculations

Fiscal Year	Total	Operating	Net	State Water	Parity Debt	
Ending June 30	Revenues	Expenses	Revenues	Payments	Service	Coverage
1999	\$ 23,207,547	\$ 12,844,077	\$ 10,363,470	\$ 1,706,350	\$ 2,394,629	2.53
2000	26,214,255	8,503,542	17,710,713	3,952,515	2,397,796	2.78
2001	24,876,337	11,223,259	13,653,078	3,991,623	2,281,089	2.18
2002	25,125,762	14,167,864	10,957,898	3,965,732	1,366,367	2.06
2003	24,217,862	13,833,176	10,384,686	4,439,646	1,783,100	1.67
2004	25,431,147	13,822,119	11,609,028	4,481,194	1,870,214	1.83
2005	27,074,924	14,553,073	12,521,851	4,315,818	1,853,342	2.03
2006	28,255,283	15,993,253	12,262,030	4,524,129	1,861,889	1.92
2007	32,081,577	16,362,453	15,719,124	4,148,802	1,854,987	2.62
2008	34,798,063	17,454,896	17,343,167	4,089,554	1,859,603	2.92

Source: City of Santa Barbara



Statistical Section Montecito Water District

Historic Water Connections and Sales Revenues

			Water
Fiscal Year		Sales	Deliveries
Ending June 30	Connections	Revenues	(acre-feet per year)
1999	4,280	\$ 5,487,926	4,813
2000	4,339	6,234,169	5,337
2001	4,409	5,831,244	4,909
2002	4,453	6,338,736	5,535
2003	4,505	6,406,516	5,494
2004	4,554	7,579,730	6,055
2005	4,406	7,168,706	5,447
2006	4,588	6,974,106	5,067
2007	4,612	9,168,272	6,333
2008	4,630	9,893,221	6,518

Largest Customers as of June 30, 2008

	Water	Annual
	Usage (1)	Payment
Resort Hotel		\$ 180,224
Golf Course	84,120	173,238
Golf Course	53,750	127,610
Private College	31,229	120,781
Retirement Home	21,351	99,994
Residential Housing Association	20,629	82,665
Cemetery	30,872	73,938
Resort Hotel	16,256	71,564
Agricultural Property	39,351	71,220
Single Family Residence	15,953	61,710
Total	351,755	\$ 1,062,944

⁽¹⁾ In hundred cubic feet.

State Water Payment Coverage Calculations

Fiscal Year	Total	•	Operating	Rat	te Coverage	Net	State Water	
Ending June 30	Revenues		Expenses	Fu	nd Deposit	Revenues	Payments	Coverage
1999	\$ 7,961,038	\$	3,166,606	\$	869,154	\$ 5,663,586	\$ 3,030,743	1.87
2000	8,967,822		3,267,293		905,573	6,606,102	3,382,482	1.95
2001	8,713,872		3,465,938		956,320	6,204,254	3,507,602	1.77
2002	9,540,728		3,752,696		956,320	6,744,352	3,433,729	1.96
2003	9,244,612		4,002,960		963,170	6,204,822	4,419,336	1.40
2004	10,839,346		4,809,464		959,705	6,989,587	4,550,214	1.54
2005	10,502,210		4,533,557		959,705	6,928,358	4,475,119	1.55
2006	10,509,053		4,855,534		973,053	6,626,572	4,723,577	1.40
2007	13,014,537		5,353,583		970,780	8,631,734	4,658,858	1.85
2008	13,967,947		6,049,992		1,021,131	8,939,086	4,645,281	1.92

Source: Montecito Water District

Statistical Section Carpinteria Valley Water District

Historic Water Connections and Sales Revenues

				Water		
Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year		Sales	Deliveries		
Ending June 30	Connections		Revenues	(acre-feet per year)		
1999	4,112	\$	5,439,578	4,364		
2000	4,137		5,442,817	4,620		
2001	4,146		5,428,686	4,135		
2002	4,155		5,888,252	4,338		
2003	4,160		6,061,867	4,185		
2004	4,168		7,010,594	4,572		
2005	4,171		7,341,470	3,647		
2006	4,168		9,029,076	3,983		
2007	4,230		9,996,151	4,474		
2008	4,272		10,529,618	4,506		

Largest Customers as of June 30, 2008

	Water	Annual
	Usage (1)	Payment
Casitas Village (Home Owners' Assn)	24,636	\$ 247,897
Sandpiper (Home Owners' Assn)	21,687	232,645
Villa Del Mar (Home Owners' Assn)	26,912	219,220
Carpinteria School District	33,140	164,475
Cate School	34,511	144,820
B&H Flowers	46,295	85,785
City of Carpinteria	22,188	80,977
Oceano Breeze	30,533	65,196
Norman, Franisic L.	30,153	60,738
Circle G	24,694	56,803
Total	294,749	\$ 1,358,556

⁽¹⁾ In hundred cubic feet.

State Water Payment Coverage Calculations

Fiscal Year		Total Operating		Operating	Rate Coverage		Net	State Water		
Ending June 30	Revenues			Expenses		Fund Deposit		Revenues	Payments	Coverage
1999	\$	6,204,013	\$	2,853,338	\$	758,938	\$	4,109,613	\$ 1,999,387	2.06
2000		6,275,281		2,614,898		750,000		4,410,383	2,182,036	2.02
2001		6,466,008		2,673,804		750,000		4,542,204	2,178,815	2.08
2002		6,511,543		3,076,394		750,000		4,185,149	2,329,012	1.80
2003		6,416,969		3,108,514		755,372		4,063,827	2,859,212	1.42
2004		7,212,653		3,547,673		752,655		4,417,635	2,968,996	1.49
2005		8,433,644		3,722,069		752,655		5,464,230	2,991,544	1.83
2006		9,537,158		4,108,439		763,122		6,191,841	2,995,352	2.07
2007		10,598,119		4,153,923		663,427		7,107,623	2,653,710	2.68
2008		11,683,095		4,713,897		765,941		7,735,139	2,741,075	2.82

Source: Carpinteria Valley Water District

